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Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Measures To Combat Magnetic Mines

British Plans Well In Hand

SPLENDID RESPONSE TO ADMIRALTY'S CALL

ORDER-IN-COUNCIL TO SEIZE GERMAN GOODS TO BE ISSUED TO-DAY

"Deutschland" Claims "Rawalpindi": More Ships Sunk

LONDON, Nov. 27.

THE Ministry of Information announces that measures to combat the German magnetic campaign are well in hand.

DURING THE LAST WEEK, ELEVEN BRITISH SHIPS HAVE BEEN SUNK WITH A TONNAGE OF 25,787, FOUR NEUTRAL SHIPS REPRESENTING 23,949 TONS, AND TWO FRENCH SHIPS TOTALLING OVER 3,000 TONS.

An appeal for volunteers of 2,000 men to man 200 drifters and trawlers for minesweeping has evoked a greater number than required. These ships will become naval vessels classed as trawler reserve.

IT IS RECALLED THAT TOWARDS THE END OF THE LAST WAR, THE AMERICAN BARRAGE OF MAGNETIC MINES EXTENDED OVER A GREAT AREA BETWEEN NORWAY AND BRITAIN.

SEIZURE OF GERMAN EXPORTS

Order-In-Council To Be Issued To-day

An Order-in-Council permitting the seizure of German exports signed by the King to-day will be issued to-morrow accompanied by an explanation and it will be found that close attention is paid to Neutral's interests, "Reuter" learns.

The application of the Order may be delayed for a few days in order to get the machinery working with the minimum friction.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Copies of the explanatory Note will be sent to each Neutral Embassy in addition to any replies which may be made to the Notes received from Belgium, Holland, Denmark and Japan.

"Reuter" learns that the Order will follow the lines of those in force in the last war and there is reason to anticipate that the seizure of German exports will have even quicker results than in the last war, because Germany will have to buy goods in cash, having few or no credits abroad and is notoriously short of cash.

POLISH LINER TORPEDOED

The Official Polish Agency states that the 14,000 tons Polish Trans-Atlantic Liner "Pilsudski" which has been under charter to the British Navy since the war has been torpedoed off the North-West Coast of Britain.

Hundred and seventy-one survivors of the "Pilsudski" have been landed.

It is believed that seven of the crew are missing, three are dead and many were injured.

Survivors from the "Pilsudski" said that a terrific explosion gave the ship a pronounced list starboard and a second explosion two minutes later completely crippled the vessel.

The Captain though wounded, refused to leave until the others got away and then dived into the sea and clung to a raft for an hour till a destroyer arrived when he was rescued but he died a few minutes later.

"Rawalpindi" Attacked By "Deutschland"

It is officially announced that the "Rawalpindi," which formed part of the Northern Patrol was attacked by the "Deutschland."

Another enemy ship also attacked the "Rawalpindi." The search for the two enemy warships is being continued in tempestuous weather and in the brief hours of daylight.

"RAWALPINDI" CASUALTY.

It is understood that "Rawalpindi" had about three hundred officers and men aboard.

It is learned that the crew of "Rawalpindi" consisted of about two-thirds naval ratings and the remainder Royal Naval Reserve. The proportion of Officers was similar.

HOULDER LINER SUNK.

It is reported that the Houlder Liner "Royston Grange," 5,144 tons, has been sunk in the Atlantic. No lives have been lost.

The Fleetwood trawler "William Humphries" has been shelled by a submarine.

Thirteen men are believed to have taken to an open boat and have been missing since Tuesday.

NEUTRAL LOSSES

The "Degensynheter" learns from Amsterdam that the Swedish oil-tanker "Gustafe Reuter" en route to Curacoa in ballast struck a mine off the North British coast last night and was seriously damaged.

Nineteen crew of the "Gustafe Reuter" have been rescued by a trawler.

DUTCH LINER STRIKES MINE.

The Dutch Liner "Spaarndam" (8,857 tons) bound for Rotterdam from South America struck a mine this morning off the Thames Estuary. The crew of forty took to boats.

When a lifeboat reached the vessel she was badly damaged and her crew was taken aboard a pilot cutter. The only passenger was an elderly woman.

Four members of the crew and the woman passenger lost their lives. Three of them were drowned and two killed by the explosion.

Victim, An American

It is officially learned that the woman passenger who died in the sinking of the "Spaarndam" was Mrs. Stefan, an American, says an Amsterdam cable.

GERMAN LOSSES

News has reached Copenhagen that a German small steamer struck a German mine and sank in a few minutes at the same place where a German guardship sank on Saturday.

TRAWLER STRIKES MINE.

A German trawler was sunk by a mine near the spot where the German guardship was sunk on

(Continued on Page 7 col. 5).

Potemkin's friendship or the Siegfried Line in the East.

Soviet 'Planes Shot Down

Moscow Charge Denied By Finnish Govt.: War Of Nerves On Border

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 27.

Finnish anti-aircraft guns are reported to have brought down several Soviet 'planes reconnoitring over Karelia, according to the Helsinki correspondent of the newspaper "Politiken" who adds that Soviet aircraft are making daily flights over this territory.

SOVIET ACCUSATION

An official Soviet "communique" accuses Finns of having fired with artillery seven shells at red army troops on the Soviet-Finnish frontier killing four and wounding nine.

The Soviet Colonel, Tikhomirov, has been sent from Leningrad to investigate the matter on the spot.

The "communique" adds: "This act of provocation has caused tremendous indignation among the Red Army troops stationed in the area of the Finnish artillery attack."

According to a Heisinki telegram, the Finnish military authorities stated that they had no knowledge of the incident.

According to unconfirmed reports reaching the Havas News Agency's Zurich correspondent from Leningrad, several people were killed and wounded on the Soviet territory during artillery practice on the Finnish side of the frontier.

The Finnish Foreign Office states that thorough enquiries in connection with the accusations broadcast from Russia have resulted in it being ascertained that shots were not fired from the Finnish side of the frontier but it is added that Soviet troops have been exercising with mortars on the Russian side of the frontier.

The Foreign Office states that shots were not fired from the Finnish side of the frontier.—Reuter.

Molotov's Protest

The Moscow Radio announced that M. Molotov has protested to the Finnish Government with regard to the frontier incident and has demanded the withdrawal of the Finnish troops on the Karelian Isthmus to a point twelve miles from the frontier.

The protest, however, adds that Soviet does not wish to exaggerate the importance of the incident.

"Absolutely Unfounded"

HELSINKI:—The Government met to-day and considered M. Molotov's Note protesting against the alleged shelling incident. A reply will be sent as soon as possible.

It is officially stated that Soviet assertions concerning the incident are "absolutely unfounded" and they are probably part of a war of nerves. Reuter.

NO TRUCK WITH A. R. P.

Calcutta Corporation Votes Down Bengal Govt.'s Proposal

CALCUTTA, Nov. 27.

The Calcutta Corporation at its special meeting this evening rejected by 29 against 16 votes the scheme prepared by the Home Department of the Bengal Government regarding the organisation and control of air raid precautions and inter-relationship of the various bodies concerned in Calcutta, 24 Parganas, Hooghly and Howrah.

Opposing the proposal, Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose stated that it was for the India Government, and not for the Provincial Government, to take charge of the defence measures which included air raid precautions also. Moreover, the Corporation, according to the scheme, would have no power to incur any expenditure in this respect without the previous sanction of the Government. Lastly, the scheme formulated by Government, Mr. Bose thought, was unscientific and hence could not be accepted by them.—United Press.

JAPANESE ENTER NANNING

LONDON, Nov. 27.

The Chinese now admit the loss of Nanning. The claim that troops have been withdrawn after the Japanese made aerial bombardments and set fire to the city. The Japanese are now pushing forward from Nanning to an unspecified place. The importance of the loss is much minimised by the fact that the Chinese had practically abandoned the city after the Japanese had invaded South China.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

ON WESTERN FRONT

PARIS, Nov. 27.

A Communique says there was local infantry and artillery engagement during the morning east of Moselle. Otherwise there was nothing to report.—Reuter.

SWEDEN'S PROTEST TO GERMANY

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 27.

The Government have protested to Germany against the latter's action in laying mines inside Sweden's four mile zone and right to claim indemnity for losses is reserved.—Reuter.

WAR-RISK INSURANCE

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Increased risks to shipping resulting from the presence of mines in the North Sea is believed to have been responsible for a number of higher war risk insurance rates announced by the Institute of London Underwriterrs.

Increases for shipments in the danger zone make new rates double the old, ranging from 60 to 80 shillings per cent.

Rates for Insurances in the Mediterranean Area, however, have been almost as substantially lowered as suggested. This is due to what is believed to be the increasing political stability in this part of the world.—Reuter.

Bombay Pentangular Final

HINDUS' GREAT VICTORY IN CLOSE STRUGGLE

Vinoo Mankad (73) And Vijay Merchant (88 Not Out) Heroes Of Day

NEW PENTANGULAR CHAMPIONS

BY JAMIL ANSARI

MUSLIMS	(1st Innings)	.....	199
MUSLIMS	(2nd Innings)	.....	180
HINDUS	(1st Innings)	.....	159
HINDUS	(2nd Innings)	(for 5 wkts.)	221

"BETWEEN THEM AMARNATH, VIJAY MERCHANT, NISSAR AND AMIR ELAHI WILL DECIDE THE ISSUE TO-DAY." Cricket commentators are not necessarily clairvoyants but the above words actually appeared in these columns yesterday.

These Decided Issue!

Unfortunately 'Amarnath' was an error (not printer's!) for 'Vinoo Mankad'. As things turned out, Vinoo Mankad, Vijay Merchant, Nissar and Amir Elahi 'did between them' decide the issue of the Pentangular final, bringing it to a premature conclusion (the match being scheduled to be played over 4 days) on Monday afternoon. In what was hitherto being labelled a 'bowlers' match' the odds were, following the law of statistical probability, fairly even till 11-20 a.m. yesterday morning when the Muslims' second venture concluded for 180 runs, leaving the Hindus 221 runs to make to win the match with almost 2 whole days at their disposal to make them in.

Dilawar & A Reminiscence! nce!

Few of the 30,000 odd persons who saw Dilawar roll in agony after that nasty knock on the 'temple' on Sunday afternoon expected to see the Muslim wicket-keeper back at the wicket the next morning and fewer still expected him to stay at the wicket for more than a couple of overs. And with Mazhar Mahmud, who has no pretensions to being a batsman, as good as out before he walked on to the crease—it was almost taken for granted that the Muslims would be back within 150 runs in their second knock.

But cricket enthusiasts would do well to know that 'cracks' on the head usually 'wake' Dilawar up!

For evidence we have just to go back 5 years in cricket history—first week of January 1934 when the Second Test Match between India and England was played at Eden Gardens (Calcutta). Dilawar who opened the Indian innings with Naomal got it hot on the 'skull' in one of the early overs from Clark, the Northants and England fast bowler, and had to retire for medical attention. But wrapped in bandages, the stout-hearted Test wicket-keeper soon came back and got going in such a wonderful manner that he not only scored a courageous 59 in India's first innings but later followed up by scoring 57 in the home team's second venture—being on both occasions top-scorer for his side and incidentally creating Test history for a wicket-keeper batsman. At one stage in India's second innings Dilawar's consecutive scoring strokes were 9 fours and a six all off Verity. Some knock on the head that was! Though he didn't do anything so outstanding yesterday morning, the Muslim wicket-keeper did stay on to knock up a stolid 45 and in partnership with Amir Elahi to put on 33 runs for the 9th wicket. But in one respect at least, Sunday afternoon's 'crack' on the 'temple' did wake Dilawar up. The 16 runs he added to his previous score of 29 were obtained in a much more confident and elegant manner than the earlier 29.

Amir Elahi's Fatal Error

Talking about 'statistical probability'—the chances were still fairly even when the Hindus going in on their second venture lost Hindlekar and Amarnath for only 29 runs. Hindlekar's successive batting failures and his not exceptionally good work behind the stumps mark him out as a doubtful starter in any 'big' match in future. Bhandarkar would certainly have been a much better choice. Heaven alone knows why Amarnath should have gone completely out of his 'century mood' at such crucial moments. No bowler in India to-day excepting perhaps Amar Singh, is good enough for a stroke-player of Amarnath's calibre. It's only when he doesn't realise this that Amarnath presents his valuable wicket for totals which are not worthy of the country's No. 1. bat.

After his early departure yesterday, the rival camps looked anxiously forward to Nissar and Vijay Merchant respectively. Things went on fifty fifty for a time and then came the turning point of the match. When he had scored only 11 runs, Vinoo Mankad skied Nissar near the square-leg boundary and Amir Elahi showing poor anticipation for an All-India player, bungled an easy catch. This was the beginning and the end of the Muslims' chances of victory. For Vinoo now began to see the ball in 3 dimensions and in partnership with Vijay Merchant, the two began to make pulp of a demoralised Muslim attack. Adopting admirably restrained tactics, both played cricket suited to the occasion, combining aggression and defence in correct proportions, and never failing to punish 'loose' stuff. Nissar, Mazhar Mahmud, Jehangir Khan, Amir Elahi, Saeed Ahmed, and Nazir Ali were all tried in turn, but barring Saeed none of the Muslim bowlers could check the two batsmen, both of whom were in irresistible form. Nissar was not getting so much life from the pitch as on the previous day and his accuracy had also deteriorated overnight—this was the greatest blow to the Muslims' aspirations.

Vinoo Mankad

Vijay Merchant

Vinoo And Vijay Bring Hindus Victory

Hooking, cutting, pulling and driving with ease and power the Nawanagar-Bombay pair between them made the Muslim bowlers look a class lower. Just before his 50, Vinoo developed 'cramps' and had to take a runner, but the Nawanagar bat stayed on to score a most valuable 73 and to see the Hindus well on the way to an easy victory. The Vinoo-Vijay partnership for the third wicket had yielded 121 runs and had more than pulled the game round for the Hindus. Vijay Merchant 'survived' Mankad long enough to score the winning stroke for his side, himself remaining unbeaten with a superb 88 not out. The Hindus won by an easy margin of 5 wickets and a run and after having followed the fortunes of the match dispassionately who will not say that their victory was well-deserved? Sympathies to the old champions and congratulations to the new!

(Details of Play on Page 10).

SECURITY FORFEITED

Bombay Govt.'s Order On "Trikal"

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Nov. 27.

The Government of Bombay have confiscated the security of Rs. 3,000 from Mr. S. L. Karandikar for having published certain news about army in Singapore in his Marathi daily "Trikal" of August 28 and the article next day.

A notice under Sec. 4 of the Indian Press Emergency Powers Act of 1931 has been served on Mr. Karandikar this evening asking him to furnish the source of news published by him.

The security was furnished last February on demand of the Congress Government under the Press Act for having published news of communal disturbance at Barsi and a sum of Rs. 3,000 was collected by public subscription as a protest against the Governments order, which was upheld by the Bombay High Court, to whom Mr. Karandikar had appealed.

NIZAM'S NAME FOR R. A. F. UNIT

LONDON, Nov. 27.

The Nizam of Hyderabad's £100,000 gift to the R.A.F. has been used to form a Fighter Squadron. This is the second time in twenty years that a R.A.F. Squadron has borne the Nisam's name. Pilots from Britain and nearly all Dominions are in the newly formed unit.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted An Experienced Governess to act as English tutor to Rajkumari Saheba. Hindu preferred, apply with minimum salary and qualifications. Dewan Dhrol State (Kathiawar) (1464)

Wanted non-resident House-Surgeon Bachuali Free Eye Hospital, Parel, Apply Dr. M. K. Sathe, Honarary Secretary, before 30th November, 1939. 12531

Wanted F.R.C.S. (London) for a Mofussil Hospital. Apply for terms to Box 1428, "Bombay Chronicle".

302. MACHINERY FOR SALE

Six Oil Expellers Anderson reconditioned, excellent order, from America Steamer arrived Rs. 6,500 each ex-godown or dock. Write Post Box 448, Bombay. (12520)

328. AGENCIES WANTED

Indian Manufacturers wanting Agency in Burma may apply with samples and full particulars to the Associated Agencies, No. 135| 145, Fraser Street, Rangoon. (12512)

417 ELECTRICAL GOODS

Unique introductory offer: During the month of December, 1939 I shall supply free on rail to any station in India my Pliers Brand Electrical Insulating Tape at Annas Eight per pound, for all orders above 10 pounds. Full payment strictly in advance. Sample against 2 annas stamps. Write: P. S. Paranjpe, Harda, C. P. (12511)

XMAS CARDS—DIARIES, &C.

Karani's Xmas New Year Cards unique collection—Latest designs from Annas Two to Rs. Two; Karani's Boxes of Assorted Cards Wonderful Value—Fresh stock, Packets four as.—Boxes from eight Annas; Karani's Auto-Stationery. Extremely Popular. Hundreds of Latest designs. Re. one and Rs. two per doz.; Karani's Art Calendars, smart designs—Scotch Humour—Striking Caricatures—original mottoes. Worth visit. Six As. upwards.; Karani's Pocket Diaries—Full page—Gilt Edges—Pencil—Elastic from Re one. Karani's, Phirozeshaw Mehta Road. (1454)

553. MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

Wanted for a 100-Maunds-Distillery, a new or second-hand Copper-Coil, with or without joints. Write Bomanshaw E. Contractor, Santrampur, Reva-Kantha. 12532

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

STOCK-TAKING.

Our Office will remain CLOSED on 27th, 28th and 29th instant on account of stock-taking. POWELLS LIMITED, Bombay, 4. 1459

Legal Notices

No. 1578.
24-11-39.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

In the Court of Small Causes at Bombay.

S. C. C. Suit No. 170/4551 of 1938.
ABDULLA ABDUL REHMAN ..... Plaintiff.
v/s.
BAI AMOOBAI, widow & Ors. ..... Defendants.

WHEREAS in pursuance of a Warrant of sale of immovable property dated 9th November, 1939, the Sheriff has been directed to sell by Public Auction at the instance of the Plaintiff all the share, right, title and interest of the 3rd Defendant Alli Miya Haji Usman Haji Hoosein in the following properties:—

FIRSTLY:—ALL that piece of land with dwelling house, situate at 8th Kamathipura, Bombay, bearing Collector's New No. 10813, New Survey No. 6826 Cadastral Survey No. 152 of Byculla Division and E Ward No. 1713 Street No. 94 and admeasuring 83 Sq. Yds. or thereabouts.

SECONDLY:—ALL that piece of Fazandari Tenure land with building, admeasuring 101 Sq. Yds. or thereabouts, situate at Chukla Street, Bombay, bearing Collector's New No. 1777, New Survey No. part of 2312 Cadastral Survey No. 120 Manavi Division and Municipal B Ward No. 2101 and New Street No. 199.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having rights in or charges or claims on the above-named properties (other than claims involving an objection to the attachment or seeking the removal of the same) that they should, on or before the 21st day of December, 1939, lodge in my Office an affidavit verified by oath or solemn affirmation of such rights, claims or charges.

Dated this 20th day of November, 1939.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ
Commissioner.
1465.

Auction Sales

TO INVESTORS IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES IN HIGH CLASS AND HEALTHY LOCALITY.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS "FRENY TERRACE" AT WODEHOUSE ROAD, COLABA.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will under instructions from Messrs. Amin Desai and Nanavati, Attorneys for Mr. Jamnadas Balubhai and Mr. Manilal Jamnadas, the Mortgagees, and on account and at the risk of Mr. Rustomji Cawasji Billimoria and another, the Mortgagors sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 8th December, 1939, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises the undermentioned property.

All that piece of leasehold land admeasuring about 553 Sq. Yds. together with building thereon situate at Wodehouse Road Colaba being Plot No. 34A of the Colaba Reclamation Estate of the Board, Bombay, bearing Collector of Land Revenue New Survey No. 9705 (Part) and Cadastral Survey No. 1|88 of Colaba Division and Municipal A Ward No. 225 (36A) formerly Street No. 44 and present Street No. 68 Wodehouse Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Amin Desai and Nanavati, Attorneys for the Mortgagees, Hamam House, Hamam Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, BOMBAY.

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.

Government Auctioneers

SALE THIS DAY

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES AT CADEL ROAD, MAHIM.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Desai & Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Andaji Sawaji & Co., the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Rabiabai Haji Jakaria, the Mortgagor Pursuant to the Indenture of Mortgage dated 28th March 1933 and the Further Charge dated 29th March 1933, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Properties this day Tuesday the 28th November 1939 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises.

FIRSTLY:—Fazandari land with the dwelling house situate at Cadel Road, Mahim admeasuring 149, Square Yards or thereabouts and registered under New Survey No. 19 part and Cadastral Survey No. 1137 of Mahim Division and under "C" Ward No. 5045 Street No. 373.

SECONDLY:—Fazandari land with the dwelling house situate at Cadel Road formerly known as Mahim Lohar Chawl or Custom Road admeasuring 104 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered under New Survey No. 4 and 5 and Cadastral Survey No. 1134 of Mahim Division and assessed under "G" Ward No. 5038 and Street No. 266.

For further Particulars please apply to Messrs. Desai & Co. Attorneys for the Mortgagees or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

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Daily at 4-30, 7 & 10 p. m.
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WADIA'S
Epic of prehistoric days
KAHAN HAI MANZIL TERI
Featuring:
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Directed by S. M. YOUSUF

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Gala Opening
NEXT SATURDAY
Huns' Newest Hindi social picture
"MERA HAQ"
(MY RIGHT)
"MERA HAQ"
(MY RIGHT)
a POWERFUL story on modern marriage
starring MEENAXEE (of 'Brahmachari' fame)
SHANTA, USHA, VIMALA and BABURAO PENDHARKAR
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Talkies—Lamington Rd.

FASCINATING FOURTH WEEK
SABITA DEVI
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AS YOU PLEASE
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Daily 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
Mats at 1-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. & Holidays.

FAMINE IN DHRAFA THANA

Ramakrishna Ashram To Organise Relief Measures

Swami Atmaswarupananda, President Dhrafa Famine Relief Committee writes:—

Nearly half of Kathiawar is affected with famine conditions. Dhrafa Thana which consists of thirty scattered villages on the borderline of Nawanagar, Porbandar and Gondal States is one of the most affected areas in the Western Kathiawar Agency.

The Agency authorities have invited co-operation of the Ramakrishna Ashram, Rajkot for organising and conducting relief activities: but it is not possible to adopt full measures of relieving the distress of the people and the dumb cattle without sympathetic co-operation of the generous public. The Ashram authorities have, therefore, formed a local Advisory Committee with official and non-official members having the Political Agent, Western Kathiawar Agency as its patron.

The Committee appeals to all benevolent persons and charitable societies to lend their helping hand.

Ramakrishna Mission's Appeal For Funds To Fight Famine

Swami Atmaswarupanand, President Dharfa Famine Relief Committee has issued the following appeal:—

Nearly half of Kathiawar is affected by famine this year. Dharfa Thana which consists of thirty scattered villages on the borderline of the Nawanagar, Porbandar, and Gondal States is one of the most affected areas in the Western Kathiawar Agency.

Petty Talukdars, poor agriculturists and labourers form the bulk of population of this Thana. As the rainfall was very deficient last year and there is a great scarcity of rain this year, it has not been possible to raise any crops or grow any fodder and even wells for drinking water in many villages are getting dry.

Feeling the necessity of adopting relief measures in the Thana, the Agency authorities have invited co-operation of the Ramakrishna Ashram, Rajkot for organising and conducting relief activities, but it is not possible to adopt adequate measures for relieving the distress of the people and the dumb cattle without the sympathetic co-operation of the public.

The Ashram authorities have, therefore, formed a local Advisory Committee with official and non-official members having the Political Agent, Western Kathiawar Agency as its patron.

The Committee appeals to all benevolent persons and charitable Societies to extend their help to this noble cause. All contributions will be thankfully received and acknowledged at any of the following addresses:—

1. President, Ramakrishna Ashram, Rajkot, Kathiawar,
2. President Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, Bombay 21,
3. Secretary, Famine Relief Committee, Dharfa, Kathiawar.

POLITICAL AGENT'S NOTE

Mr. A. J. Hopkinson, Political Agent, Western Kathiawar Agency, has added this personal note:

The Dhrafa Thana area is one of the worst-hit areas in the whole of Kathiawar. It forms part of no big State, can draw on the resources of no wealthy administration, contains no citizens of substance. The Ramakrishna Mission have already started work here at my urgent request and have already rendered invaluable aid. I earnestly commend this appeal for the relief of real distress.

Marathi And Hindi Amongst Goans

Mr. M. Almeida, Propaganda Secretary, Gomantak Praja Mandal, writes:—

"The elaborate and extensive machinery set up as a part of the campaign provides adequate facilities for extension of the Literacy programme to the Goan 'emigrants'; and there is no reason why advantage should not be taken of these facilities. The languages taught under its plan include Marathi, Gujerati, Hindi, Urdu and Kanarese and the organization controlling the work of this Literacy Drive is strictly non-sectarian and non-propagandist so far as any religio-political ideology is concerned.

It seems to be essential that Goans of all classes should learn and cultivate both Marathi and Hindi which are the most important provincial and national languages with the knowledge of which the Goans are isolated from, and prevented from establishing any useful contact with, the people amongst whom they work and live. The cultural significance of the cultivation of these languages need hardly be stressed as through their medium alone the Goan people who have been subjected to the four-century old process of denationalization can they reclaim their rightful heritage and occupy the legitimate place out of which their foreign rulers have sought to dislodge them.

In this connection we should like to point out that in Goa itself a band of young men and women have been engaged in conducting Hindi classes and "the volunteers they could mobilize have been mostly young girls" (an eloquent commentary on our manliness!).

"It is regrettable that Goans whose mother-tongue is a dialect of Marathi which belongs to the Indo-Aryan Sanskrit group should remain backward in the culture of Marathi and Hindi when even people speaking the Dravidian languages have imbibed it with such surprising speed and favourable results."

FORGING POSTAL BANK WITHDRAWAL FORM ALLEGED

(From Our Correspondent)
THANA, Nov. 24.

Details as to how the accused Vishwanath Gokulprasad of Ville Parle forged on the Postal Saving Bank, withdrawal form the signatures of his neighbour Raghunathlal Chandanlal the holder of the pass-book, and his agent Ramswarup and presenting it to the Santa Cruz Post Office, induced the clerk in charge to pay Rs. 185 and odd and thus committed the offences of forging a valuable security and cheating, were narrated on Tuesday by Mr. R. M. Chitnis, Assistant Public Prosecutor, Thana before Mr A. K Phadkar Extra Additional Sessions Judge, Thana and a jury.

Mr. S. A. Tendulkar, Pleader is defending the accused. A number of witnesses including Mr. T. J. Gajjar, an handwriting expert of the C. I. D., Poona have been examined.

The facts as alleged by the prosecution are that the accused and the complainant Raghunathlal Chandanlal who held a Savings Bank Account in the Santa Cruz Post Office, were next door neighbours at Ville Parle

They had money dealings between them. On the December 5, last the accused forged the signatures of the complainant and his agent Ramswarup on a withdrawal form, and presented the same to the Santa Cruz Post Office and thus secured an amount of Rs. 185 and odd.

The next day the complainant found that his pass-book was missing. In the course of his enquiries at the Santa Cruz Post Office he learnt that the particular amount was withdrawn the previous day.

The complainant at once informed the Police of the fact. After investigations the accused was arrested and was committed to the Thana Sessions by Mr. B. V. Trivedi, Bandra City Magistrate. The case is proceeding

COW SLAUGHTER MUST BE STOPPED

Gopasthami Celebrations In Bombay

Resolutions thanking the Viceroy for his sympathetic interest in the cattle wealth of the country and urging His Excellency and the provincial Governments to stop slaughter of cows by law were passed at the Gopasthami celebration meeting held at Madhav Baug. His Holiness Shri Krishna Jivanji Maharaj presided. The function was arranged under the auspices of Akhil Bharat Gopalak Sangh, Shri Goverdhan Samstha Go-Jivadaya Mandal, Gogras Bhiksha Mandal and other institutions working for the protection of cows.

A procession started from Bolwada Lane, and passing through Sheikh Memon Street, Vithal Vadi and Bhuleshwar reached Madhav Baug where a large meeting was held under the presidentship of Seth Chiranjilal Loyalka explaining the objects of the function the president dealt at length on the importance of cattle breeding.

Continuing the speaker said that apart from the Hindu religious point of view even from the economic point of view cow was precious to all and it was therefore the duty of a national Government to stop slaughter of cows by law in a predominently agricultural country like India.

Rai Bahadur Shiramdasji Kedia and His Holiness Krishnajivanji Maharaj addressed the gathering on the importance of cows.

BRANCH OF LEGAL AID SOCIETY OPENED

A branch of the Bombay Legal Aid Society was opened recently at Worli in the labour area. At present the office is open on Sunday mornings.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Monday.

TWO ARRESTED AND BAILED OUT

ON RECEIPT OF INFORMATION BY DEPUTY COMMISSIONER N. M. KAMTE OF AN ALLEGED RACE BOOKIE NAMED KHIMJI ALLAS HAMID, HE INSTRUCTED SUB-INSPECTOR A. H. ISMAIL ALI OF THE ANTI-GAMLING SQUAD TO RAID THE PLACE WHICH IS IN PALTON ROAD SECTION.

Sub-Inspector Ismail Ali accompanied by his staff raided the premises at about 12-30 p.m., on Saturday of the Standard Stationery Mart shop of Khimji allas Hamid situated on the ground floor of Rahimtulla House, Homji Street and arrested two persons.

The names of the accused are:—(1) Baloobhoy Hassan. (2) K. Shrinivasam.

Both were brought before the Honorary Magistrate's Court, at Mazagaon to-day and remanded till 4th December for further investigation. Accused are on bail.

NAVAL RATING ON THEFT CHARGE

In response to numerous reports made by the Breach Candy Swimming Baths authorities regarding several thefts occurring in the Baths during the last month a special watch was kept and clothing containing marked coins was placed in the dressing rooms yesterday with a gold watch. The police officer who had hidden himself behind a screen saw one Geoffrey Dunn, removing the contents. He was caught and searched and the marked coins and the articles, it is alleged, were found on his person. On further examination it was found that he was a Naval Rating from H. M. S. "Hector" whose commanding officer was informed. Mr. T. T. Barodawalla ordered him to be remanded till the 1st December at the Girgaum Court to-day.

CAR KNOCKS DOWN OLD WOMAN AND CHILD

Arrested on a charge of rash and negligent driving Dharamsi Madhavji was put up before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Sixth Court, Mazagaon, to-day.

It was alleged by the Pydhowni police that on Sunday afternoon the accused, who, it is stated, is not a licenced driver, was driving motor car No. X 3505 along Carnac Road from East to West.

At the junction of Kaji Syed Street, the car is alleged to have knocked down an old woman and a child aged seven years. Both of them received extensive injuries and are detained at the G. T. Hospital.

The accused was enlarged on bail.

CHARGED WITH KIDNAPPING MINOR GIRL

Arrested on a charge of kidnapping a minor girl whose age is 14, one Shankar Parvatrao was placed to-day before Mr. G. A. Sabnis, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Court who ordered him to release on a bail till 11th November.

It is stated that the accused kidnapped the girl from the house of her father last night and seduced her. The girl was traced by her father.

A woman pleaded guilty before Mr. T. T. Barodawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court, to a charge of attempted suicide by taking poison.

She was convicted under Section 309 I.P.C. and ordered to be bound over for one year in the sum of Rs. 100.

When pleading guilty the accused stated that her husband discontinued his relationship with her and as she had no employment and no one to support her she was compelled to resort to the only alternative.

For picking up cycles from different parts of the City and later selling them to a 'fence', Muttoo Jacob who was arrested by the City Police on Saturday was remanded into police custody by Mr. Oscar H. Brown to-day, till the 11th December

It is suspected that he stole cycles and sold them to Hyderalli Zazer whose arrest sometime back has already been reported. Ibrahim Abdul, a servant of the alleged 'fence', was also remanded till the same date.

ALLEGED PICK-POCKET AT PENTANGULAR

A man who is alleged to have utilised the golden opportunity of the Pentangular for a little pocket-picking was remanded by Mr. Oscar H. Brown till 11th December.

The accused, Vithal Ganpat, is alleged to have been prowling about, outside the Stadium looking for a likely victim. When the crowd emerged from the match he is alleged to have got into the thick of it, and to have attempted to remove the fountain-pen of a cricket-fan. He was caught in the act and handed over to the police.

POLICEMAN'S SUSPICIONS COME TRUE

Kashiram Gopal was arrested in a tram-car, as his "peculiar behaviour" roused the suspicion of a policeman in the tram, on Saturday evening. He was searched and was found in possession of a bottle of Bewda fastened to his dhoti. The accused was sent to the G. T. Hospital where he is detained. Mr. Oscar Brown remanded him into police custody till the 29th November.

TRAM AND VICTORIA COLLIDE AT KALBADEVI

There was a tram car and victoria collision this morning at the junction of Kalbadevi Road and Dadyshet Agiary Lane. The tram was going towards Pydhownie and the victoria was turning into Dadyshet Agiary Lane, coming from the opposite side. Both the victoriawala and the horse were injured, and the former was removed to hospital.

OPTION BUSINESS MUST BE BANNED

Source Of Ruin To Middle Class Families, Says Marwari Chamber Chief

"I am of opinion that long term 'Teji-Mandi' for each contract is not at all harmful to trade or agriculture. On the contrary, it tends to steady up prices and increases the holding power of the country. In other words in normal times, it gives a greater power of resistance against the bearish pressure of speculators and exporters."

So said Mr. Begraj Gupta Resident, Marwadi Chamber of Commerce, when interviewed in regard to the proposed legislation to control 'option' business in cotton and seeds markets. He advocated a cash basis to obviate all difficulties, in regard to such business. (long term "Teji-Mandi"). Continuing, he said:—

"What, however, causes detriment to the trade are the monthly and weekly options which by causing frequent open sales and purchases on their account bring about sudden fluctuations.

"Besides, these transactions are within reach of, and are widely indulged in, by the lower middle classes and are a source of bringing ruin upon numerous families. "These should and must therefore be abolished, but every precaution must be taken that this business is not shifted to 'katcha' markets because the alternative then would be far worse in its harmful consequences to the public.

So far as long term or 'one contract options' are concerned whatever pull these may exercise in raising the price-level under the present conditions it would be almost completely neutralised if the Associations concerned were to force their members to do no 'Teji-Mandi' except on cash basis.

FREEDOM TO SPEAK AND WRITE

Union Of Democratic Control's Statement

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

A statement on war aims by the Union of Democratic Control includes the following:

"We are all involved in this war, but do we know what we are fighting for? It is not enough to say as the Government says, that we have to overthrow "Hitlerism". That is only a negative aim.

"Britain is fighting a democratic battle against a totalitarian regime. We must preserve and extend our democracy at home; if we lose our freedom here, the battle for democracy will be lost everywhere.

"We must demand that emergency services should be democratically organised and controlled, and that the opportunities for such organisation in war time be considered as a positive opportunity for expanding democracy.

"We may have to accept many restrictions on our liberty in war time, but we must insist that censorship shall be confined to military matters, and that the right to speak and write freely in matters of opinion shall be fully maintained.

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For pimples, rashes, sores ringworm, ulcers, dhobis itch, Bengal rot, unequalled for ECZEMA
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CONSTIPATION
GENERAL DEBILITY
NERVOUSNESS
LOSS OF APPETITE, etc.
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RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	H. M.	H. M.
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9 40	20 10
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar Lucknow (Express.) ..5 15		23 30
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	9 10	17 40
Madras Express	10 15	14 25
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	12 36	17 20
Nagpur Express	15 0	20 55
Poona Fast Pass	15 50	11 50
Poona Express	19 32	8 05
Allahabad Express	21 0	6 15
Deccan Queen (on Fridays only) ...		17 15
Deccan Queen (on Mondays only) 10 35		

(N.B.—Deccan Queen as regular week-end service is discontinued upto 30-4-1940, but it will be run only before and after important holidays.)

6 40

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	8 35	13 50
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	7 25	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21 30
Kathiawar Mail	6 45	21 15
Frontier Mail	8 15 (Mon).	21 15 (Sat.)
*The Flying Ranee Surat ...	9 48	5
The Flying Ranee Surat ...	10 58	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	23 30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (on Saturday only from London)	6-40

On The Air

TUESDAY, 28TH NOV.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Keep fit. 8-10 Mrinal Kanti and party. 8-15 News in Marathi. 8-20 In Gujarati. 8-25 Sadiq Ali Akhtar. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 In English. 9 Bai Laxmibai. 9-30 Recitations from Hindustani poems. 9-40 Master Dina. 9-50 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 10-30 Pentangular cricket commentary by Talyarkhan.

1 p.m. Durga ke Dugane. 1-15 News in Hindustani. 1-20 Mendolin and Bansuri. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch Hour music. 2 Pentangular cricket commentary by Talyarkhan. 5-45 Surrendra and Bibbo. 5-50 News in Marathi. 5-55 In Gujarati. 6 In English. 6-5 In Hindustani. 6-10 T. N. Ranade. 6-20 E. R. Ali. 6-30 Laxmibai. 7 A Provincial Lady Speaks, talk in Marathi. 7.15 Ustad Jhande Khan's compositions. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Hori-Dhammar. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 In Gujarati. 8-25 To-morrow. 8-30 Hats Off, a talk. 8-45 Sadiq Ali Akhtar. 8-55 Talk of the Town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English, followed by relay of B B C news. 9-45 L'Association Artistique Des Concerts Colonne. 9-50 Chamber music. 10-30 Late news.

Bombay II—Programme

31.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 45 to 6-10 As in Bombay I. 6-10 Allah Rakha. 6-25 Roshanara Begam. 6-35 Dhun on Sitar. 6-45 Sadiq Ali Akhtar. 7 to 9-30 As in Bombay I. 9-30 Laxmibai. 10 Sharabi. Hindustani drama. 10-30 Late news.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. Bombay Pentangular commentary by Talyarkhan. 5 30 Anis Putli. 6-40 A Violin recital. 6 News in English. 6-5 In Hindustani. 6-10 Special announcements. 6-15 New Urdu Books, review in Hindustani. 6-30 Inayat Husain. 6-45 Abdul Haq. 7 For Villagers. 7-45 Mushtaribai. 8 Pratap Singh and party. 8-15 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 8-20 Episodes from the Epics, Sita Haran. 8-35 B. S. Rawat. 8-50 G. S. Morghode. 10 Bagaida Khidmat

Delhi II—Programme

50.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

4-30 to 6-30 As in Delhi 1. 6-30 Pratap Singh and party. 6-40 Mushtaribai. 7 Inayat Husain. 7-15 G. S. Morghode. 7-30 Anis Putli. 7-45 Abdul Haq. 8 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1.

Delhi III—Programme

19.62 metres (15,290 kc/s)

9-10 a.m. to 10-30 and 11 30 to 2-40 p.m. As in Delhi 1.

31.5 metres (9,890 kc/s)

8-13 to 7 and 10 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1

Lahore Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s)

6-10 p.m. Nirmala Devi. 6-15 New Urdu Books, review in Hindustani. 6-30 For countryside. 7 Airvoice Orchestra. 7-10 Nazar Husain. 7-25 Nirmala Devi. 7-40 Banjo recital. 7-45 Ramanand Sharma. 8 Baby Noor Jahan. 8-15 The Stage as a Career, talk. 8 30 Thumri and Ghazal. 8-45 Bhajan and geet. 9-50 Lieal Starr.

Trichy Programme

396 metres (758 kc/s)

3 p.m. Instrumental overture. 5-5 Learn to Sing. 5-20 K. M. Ramaswami Pillai. 6-5 For villages. 6-45 L. Gopal Rao, Veena. 7-15 Kanal Varippattu. 7-30 Announcements. 7 50 K. M. Ramaswami Pillai. 8-30 L. Gopal Rao, Veena. 9-20 News relay from Delhi. 9-45 N. R. Krishnier.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

3 For Children. 5-45 For Children. 6-10 Leelabai. 6-30 Pranab Ch. Dey. 6-50 Anupratan. 7-30 Rajen Sen Gupta. 7-50 Sing, Learn and Sing again. 8-20 The Jantri Sangha. 9 Pronunciation Please, a talk. 9-15 Announcements in English. 9-45 Snshila Sen. 10-5 Jatadhar Pyne.

Calcutta II—Programme

31.56 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5 to 9-30 As in Calcutta 1. 9-30 Gracia Du veek. 9-45 The Bells of St. Mary's. 10 A Humorous sketch. 10-10 Irene Elsinger.

Lucknow Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)

6-10 p.m. Hasinabai. 6-15 New Urdu Books, review in Hindustani. 6-30 Hamara Panchayetghar, for rural areas. 7 S. N. Ratanjankar. 7-15 Ek Tha Raja, programme for Children. 8 Kumari Pratna Rani Ghosh. 8-13 Hasinabai. 8-28 S. N. Ratanjankar. 8-43 Kumari Pratna Rani Ghosh. 8 50 S. N. Ratanjankar. 9-45 Music. 9-50 Fancy's Facets, talk. 10-5 Hasinabai. 10-12 Badaria Sawan Ki. 10-22 S. N. Ratanjankar.

Madras I—Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

4 p.m. Children's Educational Broadcasts. 4-3 Things of Interest. 4-6 In the Bosom of Nature. 4-16 A Short Story in Telugu. 4-20 Music. 4-20 Dance music. 5 Carnatic Orchestra. 5 20 V. Ramamurthy Aiyar. 6-5 V. Ramamurthy Aiyer. 6 45 Who is to Blame, play in Tamil. 7 Unwritten Epitaphs, talk in Telugu. 7-50 H. M. V. Madras Studio Orchestra. 8-10 Shrimati Lokambal. 8-40 H. M. V. Madras Studio Orchestra. 9 Frog in the Well, talk. 9-15 Announcements. 9-20 News relay from Delhi. 10-15 I dream too much.

Madras II—Programme

50.98 metres (4,920 kc/s)

4 10 6-5 As in Madras 1. 6-5 For Rural Areas. 6-15 Neelatireyu. 6-25 Improved Cattle Breeds, talk in Telugu. 6-35 Musical finale. 6 45 to 9-30 As in Madras 1. 9-30 M. Lokambal.

KARACHI, Nov. 26.

Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, Home Minister, in an interview to the "United Press" dealt a note of warning to the communal-minded leaders of both the communities who were, he said, thriving by playing on the religious feelings of their co-religionists.—United Press.

NAGPUR, November 26

Sir G. P. Purton who has been appointed to be one of the advisers to the Governor of C. P. and Berar will, according to a gazette notification, continue to hold the office of the Financial Commissioner. C. P. and Berar.—United Press.

New York Cotton Market Easy On Weakness In Bombay

DECEMBER LIQUIDATION PRIOR TO TENDERS

Local And Professional Support

Bombay: November 27.

On Saturday the New York cotton market was inactive with the weakness of Bombay and December liquidation prior to the 1st notice day to-morrow.

The market opened steady, Bombay and Spot house selling and hedging meeting scattered trade price fixing and local professional buying.

NEW YORK MARKET

At the opening December was quoted 8 points down in sympathy with weakness in Bombay at 9.65 and improved one point at 9.66 which was the highest level. Later on there was increased selling pressure and prices declined to 9.58 which was the lowest level. There was small rally towards the close and the small Saturday session ended in a loss of 12 to 6 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 12 pts. at 9.82c per lb.

WEEKLY REVIEW

Prices touched new high levels on sharp upswings of foreign markets but advances attracted profit-taking. Bombay Liverpool straddle buying was a dominant factor but more than offset by concentrated selling for Southern Mill account and more active hedge selling. Possibility is foreseen of establishment of a ceiling over domestic prices as futures approach a level at which repossessions of 1938/39 loan cotton would be profitable. In view of acute shortage of tonnage accompanied by greater destruction of shipping the trade is inclined to lower estimates of exports. The Cotton Exchange Service estimates the supply of free cotton not hypothecated under Government loan to be only 13,762,000 as compared with 16,147,000 last season, and 21,134,000 bales two years ago. Cotton goods market is quiet; mean while some believe that boosting of prices coincident with the rise abroad is unsound as if cotton cannot be shipped it will eventually back up the domestic market.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton market was also quiet and with liberal realising prices closed 5 to 7 points down. Spot cotton prices eased off 7 points at 9.75c per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool Cotton Exchange remained entirely closed on Saturday.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton market was fairly steady and with slightly better feeling Sakels futures advanced 22 to 25 points. Ashmouni futures gained 2 to 19 points.

It appears that small exports from the United States owing to shortage of freight is increasing port stocks with subsidy, both Egyptian and Indian cottons at present prices are dearer and there will be potential demand when the situation eases off. There is little likelihood of any material decline as loans on cotton will check hedge selling at lower prices. Thus cotton seems a purchases on all important setbacks.

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. December highest 9.61—07 (10-11 a.m.)

N. Y. December lowest 9.58—15 (11-37 a.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends :—

New York.—Foreign and local liquidation. Hedging. Trade demand slow.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cable from their New York friends :—

"Cotton markets acts tired for moment differences may temporarily narrow. Would transfer short hedges. If that occurs as expected ultimately, wider differences especially between old and new crop."

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW CONTRACTS

New York: Nov. 25.

December	9.78+11
January	9.71—11
March	9.61—11
May	9.39—11
July	9.11—08
October	8.52—05

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Nov. 25.

October	
December	9.61/9.61
January	9.56/9.56
March	9.43/9.43
May	9.20/9.20
July	8.92/8.92
Middling Spot	9.82 nominal.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Nov. 25.

October	
December	9.71
January	9.64
March	9.55
Middling Spot	9.75 nominal.

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Nov. 25.

	Bales
Day's Receipt at al U. S. Ports	45,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	1,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	7,000
Day's Exports to China and Japan	nil

ANOTHER INDIAN HUNT IN SOUTH AFRICA

(Continued from Edit page.)

occupies the post of Minister for Commerce and Industry, and that Dr. Hofmeyer re-enters the Cabinet as Minister for Finance and Education. But within two months after the constitution of the Cabinet on a new basis, General Smuts feels obliged to Kowtow to the Dutch Afrikaner sentiment, and decides to authorise a departmental inquiry into the Indian question in the Union. What had happened to the valuable reports of such judicial Commissions as the one of 1921 and the Feetham Commission, no one cares to remember in South Africa to-day. Instead, the present decision of the Union Government to order this inquiry is to shut out any public recording of evidence on the Indian problem, and to extend forthwith the so-called pegging legislation of this year with respect to the Transvaal to the Province of Natal, before any fundamental final approach to the Indian question can, as promised, be taken for the entire Union.

★

This proposed inquiry cannot but assist the die-hard elements in the Union to raise the Indian hare once again with deadly effect. These elements are not satisfied with the repudiation of the Cape Town Agreement, which is now as dead as a Dodo. The Government of India have not the courage to withdraw the Indian Agent as a protest against this unilateral repudiation of obligations by the Union Government, as demanded by vocal sections of Indian settlers in the Union. Instead, perhaps, they would instruct their Agent-General to assist in this alleged fact-finding mission of the Union Government, besides advising the Indian community to do the same thing. There was a Gentlemen's Agreement in the Natal Province, which on all accounts was observed by Indians both in the letter and in the spirit, that a voluntary limitation would be there regarding Indians acquiring fresh properties, and the recently formed Natal Indian Association has, according to this week's cables, offered a similar undertaking, but these demonstrations of Indian sincerity are not going to deter the Union Government in their Indian hunt. A veritable Roman holiday is waiting for the Dutch Afrikaner for the union in the near future.

(Copyright.)

NEWS IN BRIEF

CALCUTTA, Nov. 27.

Preparations for the third session of the Indian History Congress to be held on December 15, 16 and 17 next at the invitation of the University of Calcutta are now nearing completion.

Already about a hundred delegates from all over India representing almost all Indian Universities and academic bodies interested in Indian historical studies and research have signified their intention to join the Congress. Arrangements are being made to accommodate them at the Ashutosh Building of the University. tosh Building of the University.—United Press.

Governor At Nasik

Local Institutions Visited

NASIK, Nov. 27.

The Governor Sir Roger Lumley arrived here this morning by a special train. The arrival was private. From the station His Excellency drove to the police headquarters for inspecting a parade.

Accompanied by the Police Superintendent Mr. R. J. Rowland and the Collector, His Excellency visited the mosque and the temple situated in the police headquarter grounds, both places of worship constructed and maintained from the contributions voluntarily made by men and officers. The Governor received garlands from the Imam of the mosque and the Pujari of the temple.

Later the Governor visited the municipal Urdu and Marathi schools and was received by the chairman J. A. Lal and was conducted round the classes.

The Governor later visited the Police Officers' Club.

His Excellency granted interviews to officials and non-officials and presented a badge and a medal to Khan Bahadur Kazi Mirchara-Goddin at the Collector's bungalow. The Collector and Mrs. Lemasurier entertained His Excellency and party at lunch.—A. P.

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay: November 27.

	Sup.	Fine.	F G	Good
M G Bengal U P	197	194	191	188
M G Punjab	197	194	191	188

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: November 27.

Yellow Metal sheets	Rs. 68 0 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 87 0 0
Tone :—Firm.	

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov. 27.

2 3/4 per cent. 1948/52 89/12
3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes (Cash) 86-14
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 90/6
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100/10
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 90/6
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 99
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 103/6
4 per cent 1960/70 101/1
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 106/1
5 per cent 1940/45 Loan 103/1

TAXFREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 110/4
4 per cent 1958/68 Mysore Loan 103/4
5 per cent 1965 Mysore Loan 114

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974 97
6 per cent M Deb 1959 105
6 per cent M Deb 1959 105
6 per cent M Deb 1954 115/8
6 per cent K P'T 1956 115/8
Tone:—Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: November 27.

B C RATES—
T T D D 1/5 15/16
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Two months.
Bank's selling T T D D 1/6 To end Feby.
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 One month
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 9/32 Two months.
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 334
Bank's buying T T 328
Bank's buying D D 327
PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1292
Bank's buying T T 1340
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 80 5/.
Bank's buying T T 79 5/8
Bank's buying 60 days 78 5/8
AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 55 3/8
JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 54 7/8
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 84 1/4
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 29 1/4
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 157 3/4
BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D .....
CROSS RATE—
Honkong/London 1/3 1/32 27th inst.
Shanghai/London 0/5 1/8 27th inst.
Japan/London 1/2 5/16 27th inst.
Java/London 7.46/56 27th inst.
New York/London 3.93 1/4 25th inst.
London/New York 4.02/4 25th inst.
London/Paris 176/7 25th inst.
London/Italy 77.50 25th inst.
London/Belgium 24.05/30 25th inst.
London/Switzerland 17.80/95 25th inst.
London/Stockholm 16.70/90 25th inst.
London/Amsterdam 7.52/58 25th inst.
London/Berlin .....
Tone of Sterling Exchange :—Dull.
Gold £8-3-0 24th inst.
Gold £8/8/0 25th inst.
Silver London Ready Ready 25 7/16 24th inst.
Silver London Ready £23 7/16 25th inst.
Silver London Forward 23 9/16 24th inst.
Silver London Forward 23 9/16 25th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 24th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 25th inst.
London discounts 3 months 1 1/4 per cent 24th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/4 per cent 25th inst.
London discounts 6 months 1 5/8 per cent 24th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 5/8 per cent 25th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money :—Call 1 per cent
3 months 2 per cent
6 months 2 per cent
Tone :—Steady.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: Nov. 27.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent Paper 87; 4 per cent 1960/70 101/4; 5 per cent 1945/55 110/4.

BANKS

Baroda 97; Bank of Hindusthan 25; Central 32/10; Imperial Bank F P 1437/8; Imperial Bank P P 355; India Bank 132/8; Indian Overseas Bank 47; Reserve Bank 102/4; Union Bank 5/8.

TEXTILES

Ambica 295; Arun 238/12; Arvind 1250; Asok 233/12; B. Dyeing 1077/8; Buckingham and Carnatics 219/8; Calico 745; Century 333/2; Central India 344/6; Colaba 303/2; Elgin 158/12; Gokak 216/4; Indore 55/14; Jubilee 276/4; Kohinoor 381/14; Laxmi Cotton 550; Mysore 105; Marsden 116/4; Morarji 159/6; New Great 357/8; Raipur 725; Rajnagar 175; Simplex 116/14; Swadeshi 330; Sajjan 97/8; Vishnu 1260.

HYDRO ELECTRIC

Andhra Valley Ord. 1477/8; Tata Hydro Ord. 153/2; Tata Power Ord. 1337/8.

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad Electrics 142/8; Bombay Suburban 165; Bombay Tram. 136/14; Surat 152/8; Ajmer 10/8; Amalgamated 10/12.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown 567/8; Associated Cements 139/4; Belapur 246/4; Bombay Burma New 200; Bombay Burma Old 612/8; Bombay Steam 323/12; Bombay Telephone 86/8; Burma Corporation 7/9; Br. B. Petrol 6/9/6; Dalmia Cement 10; Indian Bleaching 131/4; Industrial Investment Tr. 45; Indian Radio Ord. 405; Indian Radio Defd. 400; Indian Copper 2/11; Indian Iron 39/10; Mysore Sugar 41/12; Port Canning 73/12; Premier Construction 84; Scindia Steam 25/11; Shivrajpur 50/12; Tata Oil 50; Tata Steel Ordy. 391; Tata Steel Defd. 1967/6; Steel Corporation of Bengal 25.

JUTES

Birla Jute 25/4; Howrah 62/8; Hukum chand 9/5; Kamarhatty 592; Kankanarrah 505; Lawrence 496; Reliance 69.

DELIVERY OF SHARES

Following delivery slips have been issued to-day :—

Tata Ordinaries 70; Tata Deferreds 37; Bengal Steel Corporations 500; Bombay Dyeings 12; Central Indias 5; Tata Powers 15.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: November 27.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt. :—
Ready (small grain) Rs. 19/2.
Ready (large grain) Rs. 19/4.
Shipment November Rs 10/6.
Shipment December Rs. 10/9.
Shipment Jan/Feb/March Rs. 11.
Indian Sugar Readys, Ready Rs. 18/12 to Rs. 19.
Tone :—Firm.

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay: November 27

	New Crop	Dec.
Benga) Fine	192/93	+3 1/2
Punjab Fine	194/96	+4
C. P. 1.	242/43	+14
C. P. 2	237/38	+8
Berar	234/35	+4
Khandesh	226/27	
Jalna/Sailu	227/26	
Ahmednagar	224/26	
		February
Broach		+3 1/2
Punjab 4 F		+18/20
Punjab 289 F.		+53/56
Sindh N. T.	386/88	+41/42

Professional Support In Share Bazar

COTTONS AND STEELS STEADY

Limited Turnover

Bombay: November 27.

Shares of Allied and Neutral ships influenced better demand on the local Stock Exchange where after easy opening there was a steady rise in prices of Steel and Cotton Textile shares.

The activity in the local market is increasing and it seems that operators are divided into two parts, first being Calcutta Bulls and local professional Bears. The month end settlement is drawing near and the market is keenly awaiting "budlee" differences which generally disclose overbought or oversold state of the market. Last month carrying over premiums were narrow indicating healthy state and during the month prices registered sharp advances. This month budlee differences will be slightly wider owing to increased speculative operations and higher levels.

At present textile shares are drawing active support and each setback is attracting more support. In this section there are some scrips which have registered substantial gains and even then there is no sign of easing off and those who have the experience of the last World War, believe that during war years, prices will keep on reaching to new high levels Against this aspect, there is fear of War profit tax, but the market sentiment is decidedly bullish.

Tata Steel shares are improving, but there is mixed feeling. Those who watch Wall Street market are not inclined to take bull-

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Nov. 27.

Bombay Dyeing (4082/8) 1067. 1065. 1072. 1065, 1077, 1080.
Century (336), 336, 335, 337, 336; 340; 339; 345.
Central India (341) 339, 343; 339; 345; 343; 345.
Kohinoor (379) 376, 381; 377; 381
New Great (354) 353 358, 353, 360; 359
Simplex (116) 115, 116/8, 117/8.
Swadeshi (320) 317, 319, 317, 321.
Associated Cement (139/4) 138/4, 139/4, 139, 138/12, 139/8.
Andhra (1480) 1480, 1460.
Tram. Ord. (126/12) 127/4.
Tata Hydro (154) 154, 153/8.
Tata Power (1322/8) 1320, 1327, 1330.
T. Steel Defd. (1952/8) 1945, 1960, 1952, 1967, 1962, 1972, 1970, 1972.
T. Steel Ord (388) 388, 389, 388, 391, 392.
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (134) 134; 133/8.
Bellapur (251) 248; 247: 250; 246/8; 249; 247/8.
B. Steam (328), 328 326, 322, 325.
B. Burma (605) 602. 507. 605, 612, 615.

ish view and these shares disclose slow movement.

Bombay Steams have registered a sharp rise on reports that the Company was going to change hands. Associated Cements are tending to harden and the market remains in a constructive mood.

On Saturday on the Wall-Street market sentiment was a little confused by tax talk, but it is not overlooked that the Congress usually shies from boosting rates in election years. However, after easing the market encountered a little speculative buying and some short-covering on the belief that Friday's selling was possibly overdone. The session closed steady with the final list showing mostly minor fractional changes either way. U. S. Steel shares improved 1/2 at 67 3/8. Anaconda Coppers gained 1/8 at 31 3/8 and General Motors declined 1/8 at 53 1/4 dollars.

Increased mill activity is expected to increase earnings of Tata Power shares and recently there had been improved demand for these shares. Burmas and Bellapurs are steadily hardening.

The market opened quiet, but there was absence of selling pressure and with renewed professional support prices advanced. The market presented very steady tone, but the turnover was limited.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1067 and advanced to Rs 1080. Century shares improved to Rs 339 and Central Indias closed at Rs. 345/8. Kohinoors were steady at Rs. 383 and Associated Cements closed at Rs. 139/8.

Tata Steel Defds. opened at Rs. 1945 and advanced to Rs. 1972 while ordinary shares opened at Rs. 388 and closed at Rs. 392. Bellapurs improved to Rs. 247/8 and Bombay Burmas closed at Rs. 615.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, Nov. 27.

100 Ahd. Advance	.....	337 8
250 BOM. DYEING	... ...	1080 0

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: Nov. 27.

On Saturday London Markets were entirely closed. Dollar/Sterling cross rate was 3.92 7/8 at New York against fixed rate at 4.02 to 4.04 in London This disparity is doing more harm to exporters of gold to America. While selling of silver by the Government is checking rise in silver prices when commodity prices have advanced considerably. Thus the economic interest is sacrificed. Dollar/Sterling exchange is not controlled in America and we being linked with Sterling we have to be in line with British interest. The local market was quietly steady with a restricted turnover and in view of narrow fluctuation high options premiums have no justification. Prices moved within a narrow range and were quoted as under :—

	GOLD Rs.as.ps.	SILVER Rs.as.ps.
Ready	41 12 9	61 8 0
Kartak delivery	41 13 0	61 9 0
Magsar delivery	41 13 6	61 15 0
Magsar Tejimandi	0 11 0	3 0 0

COTTON PARITY

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

Broach A/M below Liv. May 130 points.
Broach A/M above N. Y. May 28 points.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: Nov. 25.

Broach A/M highest 254; lowest 247 1/2; closing 247 3/4.

Oomra D/J highest 234 1/2; lowest 229 1/2; closing 229 1/2.

Oomra March highest 235 1/2; lowest 230 3/4; closing 230 3/4.

Bengal D/J highest 193 1/2; lowest 190 3/4; closing 190 3/4

Bengal March highest 193 1/2; lowest 189 3/4; closing 189 3/4.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

Alexandria: Nov. 26.

SAKEL—	
January	16.66+22
March	16.80+25
May	16.50+25
ASH.—	
December	13,25+ 2
February	13.43+19
April	13.53+18
GIZA—	
January	14.48+5

100 CENTURY	.....	339 6
100 CENTRAL INDIA	.....	345 8
100 COLABA	... ...	204 0
100 Coorla	... ...	107 3
250 Devid	.....	00 0
250 Dawn	.....	310 0
1 E. D. Sassoon Def.	.....	9 11 6
100 Finlay	.....	173 8
100 GOKAK	... ...	217 8
1000 Hindustan	.....	1900 0
100 Indore	.....	54 0
100 Khatau XD	.....	135 0
100 KOHINOOR	... ...	383 8
250 Laxmi	.....	562 8
250 Madras United	.....	25 0
100 MORARJI	.....	161 8
250 Model	.....	78 0
50 MYSORE	...	102 0
200 NEW GRI af	... ..	359 0
100 Oosmanshahi	.....	51 0
100 PHOENIX	... ...	290 0
25 Sassoon Silk	.....	81 8
1000 Sholapur	.....	3600 0
50 SIMPLEX	.....	117 8
100 SWADESHI	.....	321 8
100 SWAN	.....	167 0
500 Vishnu	.....	1300 6
500 Western	.....	915 0
BANKS		
50-100 Baroda	.....	97 0
25-100 Central	... ...	32 10
500 Imperial	.....	1437 8
125-500 Imp. Conty	.....	355 0
50-100 India	.....	132 8
100 Reserve Bank	... ...	102 4
5 Union	.....	5 8
CEMENTS		
100 ASSOCIATED	.....	139 12
INSURANCE		
100 Empire	.....	625 8
15-100 Jupiter	.....	9 12 0
20 Mercantile	.....	50 0
15-75 New India	.....	33 12
200 Oriental	.....	3905 0
15-50 Vulcan	.....	8-14
ELECTRIC		
100 Ahmed. Old	.....	140 8
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY	.....	1480 0
10 Ajmer	.....	10 8
50 BOMBAY TRAM	.....	127 4
100 Bombay Suburban	.....	165 0
10 Broach	.....	10 14
100 Karachi	.....	191 4
100 Poona	.....	163 8
100 Surat	.....	152 8
100 TATA HYDRO	.....	153 8
1000 TATA POWERS	.....	1330 0
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	.....	985 0
100 C. Province	.....	97 4
100 Gh. Baramati	.....	93 0
100 Gujarat	.....	97 0
100 Mandra Bhon	.....	92 4
100 Pachora Jamner	.....	73 0
100 Sara Serajgan;	.....	97 0
500 Tapti Valley	.....	760 0
MININGS		
1 Burma Corp.	.....	7 9
25h. Indian Copper	.....	2 11
10 Indian Iron and Steel	.....	39 12
10 SHIVRAJPUR	.....	51 4
50 TATA STEEL DEF.	.....	1972 8
75 TATA STEEL ORD.	.....	392 0
MISCELLANEOUS		
100 ALCOCK	.....	570 0
10 Air Services	.....	6 0
30 BELAPUR SUGAR	.....	247 8
200 Bombay Safe Dep.	.....	581 4
250 BOMBAY STEAM	.....	325 8
125 B. BURMA	.....	615 0
50 B. BURMA CONTY.	.....	200 0
8sh. Br. B. Petrol	.....	5 9 6
50 BOMBAY TELEPHONE	.....	87 0
100 IND. BLEACHING	.....	132 0
50 Ind. Invest Trust	.....	45 8
100 Ind. Radio Def.	.....	400 0
100 I. Radio Ord.	.....	405 0
30 Port Canning	.....	72 12
30 PREMIER CON	.....	84 8
15 Scindia	.....	25 11
25 Tata Oil Mill	.....	50 4
100 Western I. Match	.....	140 0
PREFERENCE		
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	.....	1927 8
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	.....	292 8
7 p.c. Bom. (T. F.)	.....	73 8
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	.....	550 0
6 1/4 p.c. Prem. Const 1st		106 8
6 1/4 p. c. Prem Const 2nd		99 8
7 p.c. Tata Hydro		140 0
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Power	... ...	1430 0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st Pref.	.....	190 8
/7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	.....	133 8
7 p.c. Vishnu	.....	675 0
DEBENTURES		
3 3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	.....	100 0
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	.....	102 12
4 p.c. Bombay Telephone	.....	48 12
7 p.c. Sholapur	... ...	75 10
6 p.c. Tata Hydro	.....	100 2

(Capital letters indicate shares ex Forward list).

March	.....	14.39-40
May	.....	14.32—

PEPPER AND GINGER MARKET

Bombay: November 27.

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association Ltd.)

	Rs.as.ps.
Pepper ready Allepey per candy ..	107 0 0
Pepper ready Calicut per candy ..	107 0 0
Pepper Maha Sud 15th per candy	107 8 0
Pepper ready Lampong in C. I. F. per cwt.	13 0 0
Ginger ready unbleached per cwt. ..	21 0 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt.	23 0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15th per cwt.	27 0 0

American Cotton Figures

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LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON SEVEN POINTS UP

Renewed Speculative Support In Bombay Cotton Market

Wheat And Linseed Display Better Sentiment: Sterling Weakens

Bombay, November 27

The New York cotton market was hesitant in the opening but subsequently developed better tone following increased support from trade and foreign interests. The buying was induced by higher Eastern advices.

In the Bombay cotton market during the night session speculative buying appeared which raised the price by a few points.

London Stock Exchange was dull and inactive. However Indian Irons gained 7 1/2d. Government Securities also attracted some interest.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK

COTTON PRICES

DECEMBER 1939

New York, November 27

Previous closing	9.61
To-day's opening	9.59
Difference	—02
To-day's closing	9.68
Difference	+07

LIVERPOOR COTTON

JANUARY 1940.

Liverpool, November 27

Previous closing	7.10
To day's opening	7.11
Difference	+01
To-day's closing	7.10
Difference	nil

Broach April/May Expectation .... Rs. 249-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, November 27

The New York cotton early showed some hesitancy but later developed considerable steadiness following higher eastern advices which induced trade and foreign buying.

The trading in December began at 9.59 i.e. two points lower than the last closing. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables and scattered liquidation but later the increased trade support and foreign buying caused rally with December rising to 9.66.

BOMBAY COTTON Late Trading

Bombay, November 27

Locally, Broach April/May opened at Rs. 245 and on the appearance of speculative buying the rate advanced and closed steady at Rs. 249.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, November 27

Following were the opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

December (9.65/9.65) 9.59/9.59

March (9.44/9.43) 9.43/9.43

May (9.20/9.20) 9.20/9.20

Liverpool Cotton

London, November 27

American January (7.09) 7.08

American March (7.03) 7.02

Giza January (8.39) 8.26

Giza March (8.50) 8.37

LONDON COMMODITIES

JUTES

London, November 27

Dundee December (£45 1/4) £4"

Lightning December (£43 7/8) £45

SEEDS

Castorseeds Nov/Decr. (£18 1/2 nominal) £13 1/2 nominal.

Linseed Calcutta November December (£19 quoted) £19 quoted

Linseed La Plata December January (£15 3/8 quoted) £15 3/8 quoted

Groundnuts Coromandal December (£15 quoted) £15 quoted.

RUBBER

Spot (11 5/8 paid and value) 11 11/16 paid and value

Forward January March (11 11/16 paid and value) 11 13/16 paid and value

METALS

Tin (£230 quiet) £230 quoted.

Glasgow Iron (111 sh.) 111 sh.

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, November 27

Previous closing	3.92 7/8
To-day's opening	3.91 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, November 27.

Previous closing	4.02 to 4.04
To-day's opening	4.02 to 4.04
To-day's closing	4.02 to 4.04

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, November 27.

Previous closing	176 to 177
To-day's opening	176 to 177
To-day's closing	176 to 177

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, November 27

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02 to 4.04 which is officially fixed rate.

Franc was officially fixed at 176 to 177

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1.6) 1-6

Paris on Bombay (13.23 3/4) 13.23 3/4

New York on Bombay (30.20) 30.20

London on Milan (77.50) 77.50

London on Shanghai (0-4 5/8 buyers; 0-5 1/8 sellers) 0-4 1/2 buyers; 0-5 sellers

London on Kobe (1-2 5/16 buyers, 1-2 13/32 sellers) 1-2 5/16 buyers, 1-2 13/32 sellers.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 3/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 3/16 to 1 1/4 per cent.

4 months (1 5/16 per cent) 1 5/16 per cent

6 months (1 1/2 to 1 5/8 per cent) 1 1 to 1 5/8 per cent

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil

Withdrawal (nil) nil

Silver 23 7/16d.

Gold (£8/8/0) £8/8/0.

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, November 27

The following cable regarding London silver market was received here to-day:

Small business Market dull.

LONDON SILVER

London, November 27

Spot (23 7/16d) 23 7/16d nil

Forward (23 9/16d) 23 9/16d nil

LONDON GOLD

Bombay, November 27

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

BOMBAY BULLION Latest Night Quotations

London, November 27

SILVER

Silver ready	61 8 0
Silver Kartak	61 10 0
Silver Magsar	62 0 0

GOLD

Gold ready	41 12 0
Gold Kartak	41 12 6
Gold Magsar	41 13 0
Sovereign	25 12 0

WHEAT AND SEEDS

Latest Night Quotations

Bombay, November 27

Wheat January	4 6 9
Wheat May	4 11 9
Linseed May	8 7 6
Groundnuts February	43 11 0
Castorseeds May	55 8 0
Cottonseeds January	27 2 0

VICEROY VISITS BHAWALPUR

LAHORE, Nov. 27.

His Excellency the Viceroy accompanied by Her Excellency Lady Linlithgow and Lady Doreen Hope arrived at Jajjah Abbasian (Bahawalpur State) by special train on Sunday morning. The party was received at the railway station by His Highness the Nawab Ruler of Bahawalpur.

The Honourable the Resident for the Punjab States was also present.

In the morning, His Excellency and party had a successful duck shoot. In the evening His Excellency went for partridge shooting"—A. P.

SUICIDE ATTEMPT IN COURT

(From Our Correspondent.)

MADURA, November 27.

Muthu Kudumban who was sentenced to death in a murder case attempted to commit suicide outside the Madura District Court Hall by stabbing himself with a bayonet, which he snatched from the belt of a constable escorting him. The accused was immediately removed to the hospital where his dying declaration was recorded.

CALCUTTA, November 27.

The Corporation of Calcutta at its meeting to be hled on Wednesday next will consider a resolution tabled by a member of the Congress Party regarding military education for Bengalee youths.—United Press.

Baroda's Contribution To Thakkar Jayanti Fund

BARODA, Nov. 27.

Baroda has contributed about Rs. 400 to the Thakkar Jayanti Fund.—United Press.

Mehsana Merchants' Association Surprise

BARODA, Nov. 26.

A message received from Mehsana states that more than a dozen members of the Mehsana District Merchants' Association have tendered their resignation of the membership of the organisation stating that the Association does not properly look into the interests of the agriculturists and serves the vested interests of the usurious money-lenders.—United Press.

Attack By Armed Tribesmen

QUETTA, Nov. 27.

The report of an attack by armed tribesmen yesterday has been received here from Loralai. It is stated that a lorry belonging to a local contractor of Loralai was looted at the junction of Killa Caifullah and Spirigha Road and the cleaner of the lorry was seriously injured. The tribesmen managed to escape.

A pursuit party consisting of levies has been sent after them.—A. P.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, November 27

The following are the opening quotations:—

General Motors (dol 53 1/4) dol 53 1/4

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 31 1/4) dol 31 1/4

U S Steel Common New York (dol 67 3/8) dol 67 1/2

U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

3½ P. C. STERLING LOAN

London, November 27

3 1/2 per cent Sterling Loan closed today at £81 1/2.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

INDIAN LOANS

London, November 27

3 per cent Indian Stock (£92 1/4) £92 1/4

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£81 1/2) £81 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£102-3/4) £102 3/4

4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4

4 per cent Indian Stock 1948/53 (£99 1/4) £99 1/4

5 per cent Indian Stock 1942/47 (£103) £103

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1954/59 (£93-1/2) £93 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 (£104 3/8) £104 3/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£68) £68

3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£92 1/2) £92 5/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 1/2) £100 3/4 Ex Div.

4 per cent Funding Loan (£105 3/8) £105 3/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£92) £92 1/8

4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£105 1/4) £105 1/4

INDUSTRIALS

Standard otors (11-3) 11-4 1/2

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (52-4 1/2) 52 0 Ex Div

Hydro Electric (dol 3 1/2) dol 3 3/8

Elec Music Industry (7-3) 7-1 1/2

Princhin Johnson (20-9) 20-7 1/2

Imperial Chemical (30-9) 30-9

Woolsworth New Ordinary (62-3) 62-0

San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1937 (£26 1/2) £27

Dunlop Rubber (27-4 1/2) 27-3

Unilever Ordinary (30-9) 30-6

Ford Motors (14-3) 14-3

Cables and Wireles. New Ordinary (£53) £53

British American Tobacco Ordinary (94-4 1/2) 94-4 1/2

Carreas 'A' (£6 1/8) £6 1/8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (120) 119 4 1/2

P and O Def. (23-1 1/2) 22 6 Ex Div

Distillers (67 6) 67-3

Bredforda Dye (4-7 1/2) 4-7 1/2

British Celanese (6-10 1/2) 6-9

J and P Coates Ordinary (29) 29

Courtaulds Ordinary (33-3) 32-10 1/2

Fine Cotton Spinners (4-9) 4-9

Vickers Limited Ordinary (17-0) 16-10 1/2

Inter Nickels (dol 48 1/2) dol 47 1/2

Indian Iron (58 1 1/2) 58-9

TEA SHARES

Assam (17-6) 17-6

Donaro Tea (32-6) 32-6

Empire of India (23-9) 23-9

JUTES

Barnagore (£11 3/4) £11 3/4

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Rubber (28-9) 28-9

Gula Kelampong (19-4 1/2) 21-3

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (32-10 1/2) 32-10 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (33-9) 33-9

Burma Corporation (10-9) 10 9

Rio Tintos (£13 1/2) £13 1/2

East Rand Properties (46-3) 46-10 1/2

Rand Mines (£7) £7

MINE SHARES

Crown (£14 1/8) £14 1/8

Associated Portland Cement (67-6) 67-6

Trinidad Leaseholds (77-6) 77-6

Sub Nigel (£10) £10 1/8

Spring Mines Solit Shares (24-4 1/2) 24-4 1/2

Union Corporation (£5 5/8) £5 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (24-4 1/2) 24-4 1/2

Anglo Persian (61-3) 60-0

Burma Oil (61 10 1/2) 61-3

Mexican Eagle (7) 6-10 1/2

Shell Transport (82-6) 81-10 1/2

Royal Dutch (£33 1/2) £32 3/4

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£30) £31

London Midland Ordinary (£12 3/8) £11 3/4

London North Eastern Def (£2 3/8) £2 3/8

London Southern Def (£11 1/4) £11 1/4

London Transport 5 per cent (£111) £110 1/2 Ex Div.

London Transport 'C' (£65) £65

TOTAL UNITS GENERATED.

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for The Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd., The Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd., and The Tata Power Company, Limited, report that the total electrical (Board of Trade) units generated at the three Power Stations (Khopoli, Bhivpuri and Bhira) of the Hydro Group were as follows:—

47th Week (ended November 26th)—

1937	13,833,600
1938	13,610,600
1939	13,494,300

Total for 47 Weeks (1st January to date)—

1937	590,708,200
1938	667,472,900
1939	624,442,000

SHIPPING NEWS

EXPORTS

Bombay: November 27.

700 bales raw cotton Komshi and Co Ltd; 200 bales raw cotton, C Jairam and Co; 300 bales raw cotton S B Tulshan and Co Ltd; 170 bales raw cotton A Khimji and Co; 140 bales raw cotton, T M Kaisha Ltd; 900 bales raw cotton K Devchand and Co, Ltd; 150 drums castor oil The Swastik Oil Mills Ltd; 6650 bags groundnut seeds B Pahaladrai; 511 bales cotton fly Sapt T Products (India) Ltd; 399 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 272 bales cotton twist waste, L O Vora; 400 bls raw wool D Abraham and Sons; 132 bales D/s goat skins D Abraham and Sons; 1100 bales cotton waste G M Vyas and Co; 100 bales cotton waste P D Vora; 250 bales cotton waste C Jairam and Co; 130 bales cotton twist waste M Chendulal and Co; 84 bags gum N Muljee and Co.

IMPORTS

65 Bombay, Nov 27

65 boxes butter; 751 casks tallow; 3081 bags black pepper; 123 bales wool; 197 bags betelnuts; 814 cases art silk yarn; 81 bags rolled sulphur; 230 cases currents; 170 pcs old zinc waste; 41 cases glassware; 72 bundles printing paper; 478 pieces pine planks; 88 bundles pine planks; 81 cases embd cn piecegoods, 28 cases iron locks; 249 drums harmless chemicals; 32 drums aniline colours; 3400 cases figs; 1622 bales cotton; 46 bales ctn tissues mixed art silk; 3122 bags dry dates; 273 bags almonds; 923 bags gum; 161 bags fish manure; 90 pkgs goat and sheep skins; 123 bags raisins; 134 bags sardines; 496 cts pomegranates; 2092 bags poppy seeds; 762 cases wet dates; 174 bundles siffi mats; 130 pkgs kishmish.

STANDING COMMITTEE OF MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

A special meeting of the Standing Committee will be held here to-day (Tuesday) at 2-30 p.m. (B.T.) for the further consideration of the Budget Estimates for the year 1940-41.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

All-Round Steadiness

CALCUTTA, Nov 27

Jutes ruled quiet but steady after the week-end and moderate business was put through. Coals showed not much alterations. Cottons kept fully steady. Although the turnover is somewhat meagre prices kept fully firm in Teas. Miscellaneous: Speculative issues kept very steady while other industrials showed much appreciation over their last levels. Government securities were quiet but steady

The following are closing quotations:—

Government securities: Three per cent new loan 1963/65 84/12 small lot; three half per cent Government Paper 87; four per cent loan 1960/70 101; five per cent loan 1940/43 102; five per cent loan 1945/55 110/10 small lot.

Banks: Reserve Bank 102.

Cottons: Bengal Nagpur 17/2; Cawnpore Textiles 6/6; Dunbar 245; Elgin 157; Kesoram 7/12 small lot; New Victoria ord 1/14.

Coals: Amalgamated 29/2; Bengal 380; Bhulanbarree 14/8; Burrakur 16/7; Dhemo Main 13/12; Equitable 39/6; Katras Jherriah 30; Ranceegunge 31/12; Rewa 24/4; Satpukuria and Asansol 2/2; Standard 24/14; Talcher 2/1; Union 32/12; West Jamuria 31/14;

Jutes: Adamjee 25/12; Agarpara 27/10; Albion 285; Alliance 332; Anglo India 439/8 small lot; Auckland 256/1; Barnagore 153; Birla 24/12; Budge Budge 400; Caledonian 463; Champdany 204; Clive 31; Delta 485; Empire 35; Fort William 306 small lots; Gourepore 792; Howrah 63/3 ex div; Hukumchand 9/11; do pref 88; India 422; Kamarhatty 594; Kelvin 577 small lot; Lansdowne 203 do pref 122; National 28/4 small lot; Nuddea 73/8; Presidency 7 small lot; Reliance 69/12 ex div; Standard 382; Waverley 3 do pref 50.

Minings: Burma Corpn 7/9; Indian Copper 2/12; Tavoy Tin 1/7; Cements Dalmia Cement ordy 10; do defd 2/13 small lot; do pref 86 small odd lots;

Miscellaneous: Bengal Telephone ordy 16/8; Rawalpindi Elec 20/12; Britannia Building and Iron 9/12; Britannia Eng 10/14; Hukumchand Steel ordy 7/11; do defd 1/12; Indian Iron and Steel 39/9; Marshalls 2/9; Steel Corpn 23/2; do pref 99/8 c div; Hooghly Flour 11/8; B I Corpn ordy 5; Dunlop Rubber ordy 25/4; British Burma Petroleum 6; Titaghur Paper pref ordy 4/12; do A and B ordy 28/8 small lot; do 2nd pref 107; Sugar Shares Buland 15/2; c div; Carew and Co ordy 14/5; Cawnpore 22/4; Murree Brewery 12/8 ex div; Purtabpore 9/4 small lot;

Teas: Bishnauth 26/6; Chundeecherra 61; Kalacherra 51; Kunchunpore 14/12

Debentures: 3 1/4 per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge Debs 90/4 small lots; 4 1/4 per cent 1939/49/54 Agarpara Jute E debs 101; 5 1/4 per cent 1938/45/50 Rohtas Industries debs 101.—A. P

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, Nov 27

Miscellaneous shares were active in the local market where a fair turnover was recorded in most shares. Sugar shares were firm. Deccan sugars being quoted at higher levels. Among planting issues Rubber shares were active Cotton Mills remained steady.

Exchange transactions: 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 Government India loan Rs. 99/5; 4 per cent 1943 102/12; 3 1/4 per cent Howrah Bridge Loan-90; Reserve Bank of India 102/8 Buckingham and Carnatics ordy 212/4; 219/4; 220, Cambodia Mills 33/4; Gokak Mills 222 Dec; Madura Mills 33/4; Midland Rubbers 4/8; 4/9; Highland Produce 24; 24/4; Cochin Malabar Estates 6/7; Thirumbadi Rubbers 1/8; 1/8/6; Malankara Rubber and Produce Co Ltd 35/8; 36; Be Be Rubber Co Ltd 2/11; Coorg Rubbers 24/12, 25/4; Valkundam Co Ltd 5/3; Chembra Peaks 3. 3/1; Dunlop Rubber Co Ltd 26; Fringford Estates Ltd. ordy 3/2 cd; South Elec 76; Cochin State Power 7/8; Mysore Tobaccoes 9/14; 9/14; 10; 10/3; Mysore Chemicals 10/4; A. V. Thomas 10/4; 10/8 Mysore Paper Ltd 11/15; 12; 11/14; Midnapore Zemindary Co Ltd 81/8; Orient Papers 7/10; Associated Cemen Co's 141/4; Scindia Steam Navigation 25/14; Chitavalsah Jute Mills 17; Presidency Jute Mills 7/2; Burma Corporation Ltd. 7/8/6; 7/9; Indian Copper Corporation 2/11/6; Talcher Coalfield Co Ltd; 2; Steel Corporation of Bengal ordy 22/6; 22/8; 22/13; 22/10; 23; 23/2; Indian Steel Rolling Mills 7/14; 8; Indian Iron and Steel Co Ltd 39/8; 39/9; 39/10; 39/11 39/12; 39/14; Indian Steel and Wire Products Ltd defd 37/4; Tata Iron and Steel Co Ltd 389; 390/12 Dec; Deccan Sugar and Abkhari Co Ltd 46/12; Mysore Sugar 41/4 41/8; 42; Travancore Sugars and Chemicals 11/8 ed.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

KARACHI, Nov 27

To day's closing quotations:—

Cotton Sind January	Rs.	25	8 9
Punjab January		18	15 3
Desi American January		26	12 9
Tone: Steady.			
Wheat November		30	12 3
Wheat January		31	4 6
Wheat March		32	0 6
Wheat July		33	3 3
Tone: Steady.			
Gram November		39	1 0
Gram January		38	13 6
Gram July		35	15 6
Toria November		48	7 6
Toria February		48	2 6
Toria March		49	8 0
Cottonseeds January		24	2 0
Cottonseeds March		24	12 6

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

AHMEDABAD, Nov 27

The following are closing quotations:—

Ambika	Rs.	283	0 0
Calico		746	0 0
Gujarat Cotton		18	0 0
Jubili		277	0 0
Jupiter		124	8 0
Motilal Hirabhai		31	0 0
Marsdan		116	0 0
Monograme		67	0 0
Ordinary		390	8 0

HAPUR MARKET

Hapur, Nov 27

Wheat ready Rs. 3/8/6; Mangsir Rs. 3/8/8; Maha Rs. 3/9/8; Jeth Rs. 3/12/7; Grams ready Rs. 3/13/3; Mangsir Rs. 3/13/3; Maha Rs. 3/14/0; Jeth Rs. 3/13/0; Barley ready Rs. 2/13/3; Mangsir Rs. 2/13/3; Peas ready Rs. 3/8/3; Mangsir Rs. 3/8/3; Arhar ready Rs 3/4/3; Mangsir Rs. 3/4/6; Maha Rs. 3/6/6; Cottonseed ready Rs. 2/14/3; Maize ready Rs. 2/14/6 Steady to firm.

Bombay Bankers' Clearing House

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 24-11-39 were as under:—

Number of cheques—1,06,579.

Amount of cheques—Rs. 16,11,40,674-7-3.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: Nov. 27.

After a rise of about Rs. 100 per candy since the declaration of the European War, the local cotton market is now showing signs of some easing off under heavy liquidation which is being steadily absorbed by shorts and straddle operators have sales in the local market.

Statistically the rise in cotton prices is believed to be undue, but sentiment played an important part as the rise in cotton prices was not an exception when we compare other commodities. Thus there is no fault of cotton market.

Indian trade is not inclined to follow the rise on the belief that when the Indian cotton crop moves freely, the market will prove to be very hollow in the absence of genuine demand. Sinkings of Allied and Neutral shipping is viewed as a further bearish factor

While we do believe that a portion of the rise is more sentimental but there is other side to the market This year the crop is small. We had no last rainfall and with fears of killing frost it is difficult to say whether arrivals will be burdensome in the face of improved textile industry. However, Bears are making efforts to make the position unreal, but do not look for any material decline beyond readjustment of technical situation and short sales will prove risky. It is a war and looks like continuing for years. Thus eventually we will have to see considerably higher levels and if war continues for two or three years, present prices will prove attractive.

In sympathy with a decline of 12 pts. in New York cotton futures, the local market opened at Rs. 245 for Broach A/M delivery and after declining to Rs. 244/8 advanced to Rs. 248/8 on active professional support.

Later on there was some realising and Broach A/M delivery was quoted at Rs. 246/8. Liverpool opened at a rise of one point and prices in the local market were quoted at Rs. 246. Later Liverpool was reported 3 pts. down and again 3 points lower. The local market was quietly steady and closed at 6 p.m. as under:—

	Rs.as.ps.
F G M G Broach—	
April/May	247 8 0
Fine M G Oomra—	
Dec/Jany	227 12 0
March	229 0 0
F G M G Bengal—	
Dec/Jany	188 8 0
March	187 12 0

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay: November 27.

In full-pressed Bales.	25-11-39.	Since 1st Sept. This year.	Last year.
Khandesh		2,615	1,057
Central India	101	7,231	34,963
Barsi and Nagar	66	18,573	5,961
Hyderabad-Gaorani	67	144	254
Berar	832	12,170	13,386
Central Provinces	112	3,602	11,485
Total Oomras	1,178	44,335	67,106
Dholera	150	4,968	34,522
N.-W. Provinces	97	13,770	232
Rajputana	72	5,140	3,577
Sind-Punjab	1,476	88,790	44,678
Broach		126	10,830
Coompta and Dharwar		11,471	9,231
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		25	1,438
American		128	612
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	1,047	1,247	.....
Total	4,991	274,581	279,969
Arrived by road to 23rd November, 1939		95,000	.....

Exports From Bombay

In full-pressed bales.	1st Sept. to 23rd Nov. 25-11-39	This year.	Last year.
Europe		17,443	43,492
Japan and China	700	193,935	245,388
Coast ports		6,690	9,577
Up-country by rail		99,291	75,027
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		6,460	30,474
Total	700	315,819	403,952

BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

Bombay: November 27.

Receipts from 1st Sept. 1939 to 23rd Nov. 1939 (by rail and sea)	267,489	
Receipts from 1st Sept. 1939 to 23rd Nov. 1939 (by road —estimated)	26,000	
Total	293,489	
Same time last year		296,833
Exports from 1st Sept. 1939 to 23rd Nov. 1939:—		
	1939	1938
United Kingdom	7,998	5,699
Continent	9,691	37,863
China	47,208	9,860
Japan	146,587	236,582
Coast Ports	6,690	9,577
Total	217,068	298,481
Total exports by rail, 1st Sept. 1939 to 23rd November 1939		92,891
Estimated mill consumption in Bombay from 1st Sept. 1939 to 23rd November 1939		161,343
Same time last year		209,391
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by exporters, dealers and mills in Bombay on 23rd November 1939		497,233
Same time last year		501,992

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts of cotton from Up-country from 1st Sept. 1939 to 16th Nov. 1939 234,976

Same time last year 326,389

Total cotton shipped from 1st Sept. 1939 to 9th November 1939 96,664

Same time last year 172,305

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay: Nov. 27.

Yarn No.	December.	February.	April.
6 1/2s.	130	132	135
10 1/2s.	145	148	162
20 1/2s.	184	188	191
40s.	258	263	265

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 27-11-1939:—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.065 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 73.8 deg.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 69.4 deg.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 85.8 deg. (2.2 below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 68.2 deg. (2.1 below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 79 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. E.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 6 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 91 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 13 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 27-11-'39.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 76.8 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.17 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.98 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

HIGH PRICES RULE JUTE MARKET

New York To Offer Substitute?

According to the November issue of the Indian Central Jute Committee's Bulletin the arrivals of raw jute into Calcutta during the first four months of the present season was 11 per cent higher than that of the previous season.

But the crop is expected to be as much as 30 per cent. higher and these comparatively lower arrivals probably show that the cultivators have withheld the crop for a longer period and that they are waiting for a better price.

Concern is felt that while Jute prices are high owing to war conditions, jute substitutes may gain a hold which may be difficult to dislodge later. A report emanating from Buffalo, New York, states that manufacturers of cotton bags from flour milling and cattle feed trades have inquired from the State Department at Washington whether they can accept contracts from France and Great Britain for large quantities of cotton bags to be used as sand bags for defence purposes. Inquiries have also been received from abroad on the possible exportation of patented machines for producing these bags.

The Jute Trade Board in the United Kingdom has decided that an increment of 12 1|2 per cent on the minimum rate of wages would be allowed to the Dundee jute workers. The spinners and manufacturers are now making a good profit and they can afford to pay increased wages, but it is difficult to say how long this profit-making will last. Some manufacturers have been well bought in yarns but spinners are in a rather difficult position for they are still handicapped by the lack of workers to enable them to increase the output of yarns, and some of them are badly in need of raw jute. Demand persists and buyers are clamouring for the delivery of yarns and cloth before the end of this year, but no goods can be obtained before the early months of the next year and even then only at prices which show a considerable advance since the war commenced.

INDIA'S LAC EXPORTS

Research Work In The United Kingdom

The quality of all lac exports from India is improving, according to reports from the distributing trade and statistics from America received by the Indian Trade Commissioner in London.

Little variation is shown in the order of the countries consuming lac. The United States of America and the British Empire as usual take the larger part. Russia was a large consumer in 1938-39, but the actual figures are not accurately known. The figures for Germany's imports of lac showed little variation from previous years.

Important contacts between lac consumers and lac research workers were established during a tour made by the Indian Trade Commissioner to America. Continental tours were also made to Switzerland, Belgium, France and Holland.

The London Shellac Research Bureau has been engaged on many commercial propositions connected with lac products. Among these is the development in the use of lac oil varnishes. These varnishes are used for lacquering tin food containers and are already being used commercially on a considerable scale.

QUICK DRYING PAINTS.

Quick drying paints of high gloss and flexibility are also being developed. Experiments are in progress to produce a quick-drying plastic paint which can be applied to rubber surfaces by brush or spray.

Highly elastic materials are now being made by polymerising modified lacs. Such products have shown high electrical resistance. If other mechanical results are satisfactory large quantities would be used for insulating flexible cables.

DECREASE IN BRITISH INDIAN TRADE RETURNS

CALCUTTA, Nov. 27.

The trade returns of British India for the month of October, 1939, as compared with the preceding month showed decreases in the values of imports and exports with an increase in the value of re-exports.

The value of the imports of private merchandise fell by Rs. 96 lakhs to Rs. 10,33 lakhs, of which imports from Burma accounted for Rs. 2,56 lakhs as compared with Rs. 2,59 lakhs in September, 1939.

The exports of Indian produce and manufactures were valued at Rs. 14.37 lakhs in October, 1939, being less by Rs. 96 lakhs than in the preceding month.

Re-exports rose by Rs. 27 lakhs and amounted to Rs. 89 lakhs.—United Press.

SIKANDAR'S CHARGE AGAINST M. N. ROY

Assembly Turns Down Adjournment Move On Ban On Entry Into Punjab

LAHORE, Nov. 27.

In the Punjab Assembly to-day the speaker, Sir Shahabuddin, admitted the adjournment motion of Chaudhry Krishen Gopal Dutt to raise discussion on the notice served on Mr. M. N. Roy by the Punjab Government banning his entry into the Punjab for one year.

Government did not oppose leave being granted to the motion and the speaker fixed 4-30 p.m. for discussion.

In the course of the debate Mr. Krishna Gopal condemned Government's action characterising it as encroachment on civil liberty and democratic principles for which, he said, the Premier professed great solicitude in season and out of season.

Mr. Dutt contended that Mr. Roy was neither a member of any terrorist party, nor a member of a secret association, nor connected with any subversive activities at present. If it was the policy of the Punjab Government not to allow any political leader of outstanding position to enter the Punjab, it was a different matter; but if that was not Government's position, Mr. Dutt failed to understand the motive or necessity of the Government's action in systematically preventing leaders of standing and position like Acharya Narendra Dev, Prof. N. G. Ranga, Shrimati Satyavati Devi, and then Mr. M. N. Roy from entering the province.

Referring to the notice which was dated November 7, Mr. Dutt asked whether the Government could not have at least spared the unnecessary trouble and inconvenience caused to Mr. Roy and the organisers of his reception, which did not come off, by intimating their intention earlier.

Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, Leader of the Opposition characterised the Government's action as "irresponsible".

Sardar Sohansingh Josh said that Congress Governments were very often criticised for their omissions and commissions, but in the matter of civil liberty, one could say that it was undoubtedly respected there. He regretted that in the Punjab Civil Liberty should be suppressed.

SIR SIKANDAR'S PLEA

The Premier, the Hon. Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, opposing the motion referred to Mr. Roy's antecedents, his alleged connections with the terrorist activities in Bengal, Communist activities in Mexico and the Philippines and other places. About Mr. Roy's present politics, the Premier did not agree with the Opposition contention that, inasmuch as he had signed the Congress pledge and agreed to abide by it, there had been a complete change in his view; on the other hand, the Premier held that the League of Radical Congressmen, of which Mr. Roy was the founder, was working for mass revolution which, he said, was not exactly of the type the orthodox Congressmen spoke of.

Concluding Sir Sikandar said that they all wanted democracy and freedom, but none of them, the Opposition or he Government, wanted Fascism, Nazism or Communism; and it was for the sake of democracy that he had to take the decision.

The Premier added: "Here in the Punjab, there is a group of Communists who are at present working underground, and it is that group who is at the bottom of inviting Mr. Roy with a view to consolidating and strengthening its position and activities."

Mr. Dutt interrupting asked: "Any evidence?"

The Premier said he had enough and had given them a long rope, and that he would draw the net when the time came.

Sir Sikandar requested the mover to withdraw the motion.

The motion was defeated by 62 votes against 28.—United Press.

PRESENTS TO SOLDIERS

CALCUTTA, November 27.

The local branch of the India Red Cross Society has sent Christmas presents to the British and Indian soldiers of the Far East.—United Press.

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Kartik Vad 2, 1996
Muslim: Shavvaal 16, 1358
Parsi: Khordad 24, 1309
Hightide: 0-47 12-28
Lowtide: 6-51 18-37
Sunrise: 6h. 55m.
Sunset: 6h. 0m.

KALA-NIKETAN RECEPTION TO UDAY SHANKER

Kala-Niketan has arranged a programme of music and dance in honour of Mr. Uday Shanker and his party to-day (Tuesday) at 8 p.m. (S.T.) at Madhava Baug C. P. Tank.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY

There will be a lecture with lantern slides at the Theosophical Society Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on "Bombay to Adyar."

THAKKAR BAPA JAYANTI

A public meeting will be held under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Board of the Harijan Sevak Sangh to celebrate the 71st birthday of Shri Amritlal V. Thakkar (Thakkar Bapa) to-morrow (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) in the Gowalia Tank Maidan, when a Purse collected from the various parts of the country will be presented to him.

Shri C. Rajagopalachariar will preside over the meeting, and is specially coming to Bombay for the purpose.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Shri. Balazaheb Kher, Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, and Shri. Bhulabhai J. Desai will address the meeting.

EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS AT TAJ

Sir Richard Temple Bart will open an exhibition of Miss Sheila Bonnerjee's Paintings at the Taj Mahal Hotel to-day (Tuesday) at 6 p.m.

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045
LAST 3 DAYS!

FRIDAY!
JEANETTE MACDONALD
MAURICE CHEVALIER
In Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's Romantic Musical
"THE MERRY WIDOW"

THE WAY TO FREEDOM!
"UNDER ONE FLAG"
or
"BHAGWA ZENDA"
The way to Freedom Is for All to Rally Round only ONE FLAG!
KNOW IT BY SEEING
"UNDER ONE FLAG"
or
"BHAGWA ZENDA"
ROYAL JEWEL No. 10
Produced by 'SARASWATEE' with JEWEL-STARS
Gala Opening
NEXT SATURDAY AT
MAJESTIC

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Three Smart Girls Grow Up" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—'Inspector Hornleigh" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Lady of the Tropics" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Gracie Allen Murder Case" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"In Name Only" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Kahan Hai Manzil Teri" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"On the River' Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day at 1-30 p.m.
ROXY—"Kangan' Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day at 1 p.m.
MINERVA—"Pakar" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day at 1 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"As You Please" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day at 1-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Admi" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day at 1 p.m.
PLAZA—"Kunku" Daily at 5-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

OLYMPIC NORTH ZONAL COUNCIL

A meeting of the B. O. North Zonal Council will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 6-15 p.m in the office of the B. F. O. Association, Laigir Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE

Mr. Verrier Elwin of the Bhumijan Seva Mandal, will deliver a public lecture on "Civilisation and Primitive Culture" in the League's Hall Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon, to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

The Hon. Mr. Justice H. V Divatia, M.A., LL.B. will preside

SAFETY FIRST ASSOCIATION OF INDIA

There will be a lecture on "Food in relation to A. R. P." by Dr. H. S. Khote, at 6-15 p.m. to-day (Tuesday) in the Conference Hall, Electric House.

FAMINE RELIEF COMMITTEE MEMBERS.

The Governor of Bombay has appointed the following persons to be members of the Bombay Presidency Permanent Famine Relief Fund Committee for the triennium beginning with 1st December 1938:

(1) Mr. R. P. Masani, (2) Sir S. S. Patkar, (3) Mr. Mathuradas Tricumji, (4) Mrs. Taraben Manekchand Premchand and (5) Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas.

NOTICE TO MEDICOS.

Clinical material sent by registered medical practitioners in suspected cases of scarlet fever, whooping cough, diptheria, enteric group of fevers, cholera, dysenteries, plague, typhus, relapsing fever, cerebro-spinal meningitis and malaria will be examined free of charge at the Haffkine Institute, Bombay.

CHAMBERS REPRESENTATIVE TO BOARD OF COMMUNICATIONS.

Mr. K. S. Ramchandra Iyer, representative of the Indian Merchants' Chamber on the Board of Communications, Bombay, having resigned, Government has appointed in his place Mr. Keshavprasad C. Desai, B.A., LL.B., as the Chamber's representative on the Board.

PARSI A. R. P. CLASSES

The 15th A. R. P. class organised by the Parsi A. R. P. Committee will be started at the Masters Tutorial High School, Grant Road, on Wednesday, the 29th instant at 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY 'VARSITY TEAM FOR NAGPUR

The Bombay University Team will leave Bombay (V. T.) for Nagpur to-day (Tuesday) by the Calcutta Mail via Nagpur at 5-40 p.m.

CALL TO VOLUNTEERS AND SEVIKAS

The G. O. C. of the Bombay Seva Dal and Bombay Sevika Dal write:—

All the Sevikas and Volunteers of the Bombay Sevika Dal and Bombay Seva Dal respectively are informed to be present at the following meetings on duty in uniform at 5 p.m. 1. Wednesday, the 29th instant, Gowalia Tank, and 2. Thursday, the 30th instant, Azad Maidan.

SARASWATI COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE, PAREL

The fifth annual gathering and prize distribution of Saraswati Commercial Institute, Parel, was held on Sunday, the 26th instant at R. M. Bhatt High School Hall, under the presidentship of Dr. Mohey Deen, Principal of the Government Veterinary College, Bombay. Mrs. Mohey Deen gave away the prizes.

Dr. Venkataraman, Professor, Ramnarain Ruia College, Bombay, delivered an address on "Democracy and Minorities in India".

The meeting terminated with a vote of thanks by the Principal, Mr. S. S. Nath.

NEW CURRENCY NOTES FOR HYDERABAD

Hyderabad (Deccan), By Mail.

The public of the Hyderabad State will be handling this week the new currency notes which have been issued. The notes are attractive to look at and small in size and therefore convenient to handle. They have been printed at the Government Press at Nasik and are stated to cost almost one-fourth of the price of the former notes printed by Waterlow and Sons in England.

MORAL REARMAMENT
(From A Correspondent)
SURAT, Nov 26.

At a meeting of the Surat Rotary Club held last night, Rev. F. J Stewart of I. P. Mission, read a paper on "Moral Rearmament—an Answer for World Crisis".

Mr. Stewart described the effect of Moral Rearmament. It attacks war and other problems at the root by seeking to effect a change in human nature For example, it brings honesty in business and Municipal life A headmaster in Bangalore recently paid up arrears of taxes through the influence of the movement, while a motor driver returned to his employer money got through taking of commissions dishonestly

The speaker then went on to appeal for a "change-over" in men and nations from selfish ways of living to living under the "guidance of God". "When we change, our nation will change too." He closed by describing how we can each begin by facing the principles of absolute honesty, unselfishness, purity, and love, and by practising the way of 'listening to God.'

Uday Shankar To Meet Journalists

Uday Shankar, the well-known Indian dancer, will meet the Bombay Journalists at the premises of the Journalists' Association of India, Queen's Mansions, Prescott Road Fort at 6-30 p.m to-day (Tuesday).

Congress Leaders To Speak At Azad Maidan

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held on Thursday the 30th instant at 6 p.m (S.T.) at Azad Maidan, when Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Shri Bhulabhai J. Desai, Shri. C. R. Rajagopalachariar and Shri. B. G. Kher will speak on "The Next Step."

BOMBAY REVENUE TRIBUNAL

Appellate And Revisionary Powers

In exercise of the powers conferred by the Bombay Revenue Tribunal Act, 1939, the Government of Bombay has constituted the Bombay Revenue Tribunal to exercise such jurisdiction to entertain appeals and revise decisions in revenue cases as was vested in Government immediately before 1st April 1937 and, in particular, in all revenue cases arising under the provisions of the enactments specified in the schedule attached to that Act. Consequently no appeal or application for revision in a revenue case lies henceforth to the Commissioners of the Divisions.

The Tribunal consists of: President—Sir Govind Madgavkar, I.C.S., (Retired Judge of the High Court of Bombay). Non-official member—Diwan Bahadur Chunilal Mankeklal Gandhi, B.A., LL.B, (Advocate, Surat). Official member—Commissioner of the Division from which the appeal or application for revision case is made to the Bombay Revenue Tribunal the City of Bombay being considered part of the Northern Division for the purpose. Ex-Officio Secretary Under Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, Joint Secretaries—Revenue Assistant Commissioners so far as cases arising in the particular Division are concerned.

The Tribunal has with the previous sanction of the Government framed regulations for regulating the procedure and disposal of its business. The regulations provide that the Tribunal shall have no jurisdiction in any matter in which disciplinary action has been taken against a revenue officer or which is sub-judice in a Court of Law. All appeals and applications for revision or review made to Tribunal should be addressed in cases received from the City of Bombay to the Secretary, Bombay Revenue Tribunal, and in cases received from other areas to the Joint Secretaries of the Divisions concerned. Every appeal or application made to the Tribunal should be accompanied by a certified copy of the order against which the appeal or application is made. No appeal or application unaccompanied by such order can be accepted. The business of the Tribunal will ordinarily be disposed of by Circulation, but when the President or the other two members are of the opinion that a joint sitting is necessary, joint sitting is to be held at such place as the President may determine and the decision is to be reached after personal discussion and if necessary after giving a hearing to the parties concerned. Appeals or applications made to the Tribunal are exempt from stamp duty.

Ban On Employment Of Children

The Employment of Children Act, 1938, as amended by Act XV of 1939 which has been enforced with effect from the 1st October 1939 applies to the following types of workshops:—1. Bidimaking. 2. Carpet-weaving. 3. Cement manufacture including bagging of cement. 4. Cloth-printing, dyeing and weaving. 5. Manufacture of matches, explosives and fire-works. 6. Mica-cutting and splitting. 7. Shellac manufacture. 8. Soap manufacture. 9. Tanning and 10. Wool Cleaning.

Under the provisions of this Act—(a) No child under 12 years of age shall be employed in any such workshop.

For War Purposes Fund

His Excellency the Governor expresses his grateful acknowledgment of the following contributions received by him for war purposes::—Messrs. Habib and Sons,' Rs. 8,675, Mr. Hargovandas Jeevandas, Rs. 2,000 "A Parsi Doctor", Rs. 1,000 "Anonymous", Rs. 25 "Anonymous", Rs. 25 "An old Sportsman", Rs. 15 and old Sportsman", Rs. 15.

These contributions, which amount to Rs. 11,755, have been sent to the Honorary Treasurer of H. E. the Viceroy's War Purposes Fund at New Delhi.

Public Address To Virajanandji

A public address will be presented to His Holiness Shrimat Swami Virajanandji, President of the Ramkrishna Math and Mission, Calcutta, on Tuesday at 6 p.m., at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall. The Mayor of Bombay will preside.

The meeting will be addressed by Mr. B. G. Kher, Mr. R. P. Masani, Sir J C. Coyaji, Mrs. Sophia Wadia, Mr. S. A. Brelvi and others.

The function will commence and terminate with music by eminent artistes.

Rajasthan Balika Vidyalaya

This girls' school was founded four years ago by Mr. and Mrs. Hiralal Shastri in memory of their departed daughter. It is a residential institution situated at Banasthali, five miles from Nawai Station on the Jaipur State Railway and as such will prove extremely useful in a province which is educationally backward. The aim of the Vidyalaya is to create "Vir Balas" out of Indian girls and the education is thus broadbased. The school has made good progress since its inception due to the devotion of its managers and also owing to its very moderate charges amounting to less than Rs. 10 p.m. for student. It is to be hoped that it will receive public patronage and help from all those interested in education.

Mr. N. D. Sankar, a member of the A.I.C.C. and the President of the Mass Workers' Union, Mysore, is reported to have been arrested under Defence Ordinance.

City Editor Wins Appeal

High Court Quashes Conviction For Alleged Defamation

BOMBAY, Monday.

The sentence of a fine of Rs. 300 passed by Mr. Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, on Mr. Tatnis, editor of "Vividh Vrith" for alleged defamation was quashed by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Sen, at the High Court in appeal.

Mr. D. A. Tulzapurkar, Advocate, appeared for the appellant, Mr. O'Gorman with Khan Bahadur Junglewalla, Mr. Anklesaria and the Govt. Pleader represented the opponent (complainant), G J. Borkar, who is an astrologer.

It appeared that the appellant published in his journal dated May 29, 1938, an article which criticised the astrological forecast of lottery tickets made by the complainant and warning the public not to be misled by such forecasts.

It was in respect of this that the appellant was charged with defamation.

In acquitting the appellant, their Lordships observed that it was absolutely undesirable that forecasts of lottery results etc. by astrologers or others should be published in the papers. The appellant was perfectly justified in publishing a strong criticism of such a practice. His conduct was in the 'bona fide' discharge of his duty as a journalist.

MYSORE CONGRESS LEADERS IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. H. C. Dasappa, President of the Mysore State Congress, and Mr. K. C. Reddi, General Secretary, arrived here this morning from Allahabad where they had been to meet Mahatma Gandhi.

Messrs. Dasappa and Reddi met Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel to-day

Mr. Dasappa has again gone to Wardha for talks with Mahatma while Mr. Reddi is staying here with Mr. N. S. Gubbi at Matunga.

DEPUTATION WAITS ON SIR G. WILES

A deputation of the Millowners' Association waited on Sir Gilbert Wiles, Chief Adviser to the Governor of Bombay, in connection with the situation arising out of the lapse of the Government Ordinance for the prohibition of options in the cotton market promulgated on November 3.

Boy Knocked Down By Car

A thirteen-year-old boy named Shankerrao Ganu, is stated to have been knocked down by a motor car on Monday evening at Marine Drive, with the result that he sustained injuries all over his body.

He was removed for treatment to the G. T. Hospital, where he has been lying in a precarious condition.

It appears that the boy was knocked down by the car, while crossing the road. The driver of the car had disappeared after the accident.

The Princess Street Police are making enquiries to trace the car.

New Bank At Belgaum

(From A Correspondent.)
BELGAUM, (By Mail.)

The opening ceremoney of the Supreme Bank was celebrated here by Mr. Annasaheb Latte, ex-Finance Minister Bombay Government, during the last week.

Mr. Latte advised the Chairman and the staff of the Bank to make the bank an ideal and unique one and it should be helpful and beneficial to the agriculturists and the poor.

MINISTER'S FAILURE

Piquant Situation In Bengal Council

CALCUTTA, November 27.

A piquant situation has been created in the Bengal Legislative Council to-day, when the House was adjourned by the President till to-morrow as the Minister in charge of the Money Lenders' Bill could not produce Governor's previous sanction as required under the Government of India Act, and the Governor's Rules to introduce in the Upper House a Bill as passed by the Lower House.

As the Minister was unable to produce the requisite sanction, the President adjourned the House for half-an-hour, but when after half-an-hour's adjournment, the Minister was found to be not in his place, the President adjourned the House for the day. —United Press.

Reception Committee Of Mahagai Conference Formed

(From A Correspondent.)

In pursance of the resolution of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress, Mr. S. A Dange convened a meeting of the representatives of the affiliated Unions on Saturday last in the Head Office of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union. A reception Committee of the "Mahagai" Conference was formed of which Mr. N. M. Joshi has been elected Chairman with four secretaries Messrs S. V. Parulekar, Zulmiram Chaudhari, S. A. Dange and R. S. Nimbkar, Messrs. Shabeed, Tambitkar and Oak were co-opted on the Committee, more co-options from different unions would be made in the next meeting.

To meet the initial expenditure it was decided to ask all the affiliated Unions to pay a levy of Rs. 5 for the first thousand members of the Union and Rs. 2 more for each additional thousand.

It was also decided to request the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union to put a sum of Rs. 200 at the disposal of the reception Committee to repay from receipts as they arrive.

A big rally of workers and meetings in various areas and towns will soon be undertaken to mobilise the workers of all industries in the Bombay Presidency.

Hockey Tournaments

(From A Correspondent.)
BELGAUM, Nov. 24.

The Belgaum Sports Club XI won in the final match in Armistice Day Hockey Tournament which were going on here for the last fortnight.

Col. Hanna, gave away the trophy cups, Shield and prizes. The Tournaments are run yearly in aid of Earl Haig's Fund for the disabled and dead soldiers in the last great war.

BAN ON MEETINGS IN BENGAL

Adjournment Motion In Assembly

CALCUTTA, Nov. 27.

More than 2,500 books are now under ban in this Province.

A statement to this effect was made by the Home Minister, the Hon. Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin, replying to a question in the Bengal Legislative Assembly which commenced its winter session to-day.

The Minister added that Government were prepared to consider individual cases on their merits whether the ban should be withdrawn from them, but they were not prepared to make a general statement on the issue.

ADJOURNMENT ON BAN ON MEETINGS.

Rai Harendra Roy Chaudhury has tabled an adjournment motion to discuss the order under the Defence of India Act banning public meetings, etc. in the Province, which will be taken up to-morrow.

Dewan Bahadur Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Commerce Member to the Government of India, Mr. G. Hydari, Secretary to the Government of India in the Commerce Department, and also members of the Working Committee of the All-India Forward 'Bloc' watched the proceedings of the Assembly for some time.—United Press.

Reception To S. Bannerjee

BOMBAY, Nov. 27.

An enthusiastic reception was accorded to Mr. S. Bannerjee, the famous Indian Cricketer, who is now at Bombay in connection with the Pentangular Cricket Tournament, by the Bengal Club, Parel, Bombay, last night. Dr. A. C. Das, President of the Club welcomed Mr. Bannerjee on behalf of the Club and in the course of a brief speech paid glowing tributes to his brilliant cricket career.

Replying Mr. Bannerjee thanked the Bengal Club, for the cordial welcome and said that what he had so far been able to achieve in cricket was due to the sympathy and co-operation of his colleagues. He also discounted the impression created in the minds of a certain section of the public that there was ill-feeling among the players.

All the members of the Executive Committee of the Club were later introduced to Mr. Bannerjee.

The function came to a close after a song by Mr. Sital Hari Ghosh, the well-known Bengali radio singer of Bombay.

BUY SWADESHI SOLUTION

Indian Soap Magnate's Apprehensions

CALCUTTA, November 26.

"It is extremely doubtful if the Indian Industry can survive the competition by the most powerful soap concerns in the world who are now operating under the protection of Indian customs", said Mr. A. T. Ganguli, Honorary Secretary, All-India Soap Manufacturers' Association, delivering a lecture on "The Indian Soap Industry" at the Calcutta Corporation Commercial Museum today under the presidentship of Sir Nilratan Sircar.

Mr. Ganguly was afraid that the children of the soil would be ousted from the field if the problems of raw materials, technical education and internal organisation were not properly grappled with.

Concluding the speaker said that only the "Buy Indian" spirit could save many a swadeshi venture till the industries of the country grew to their full height under protection.—United Press.

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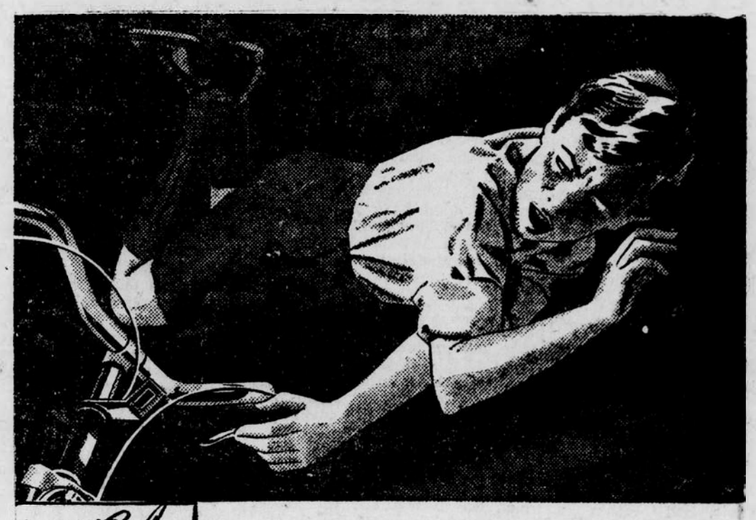
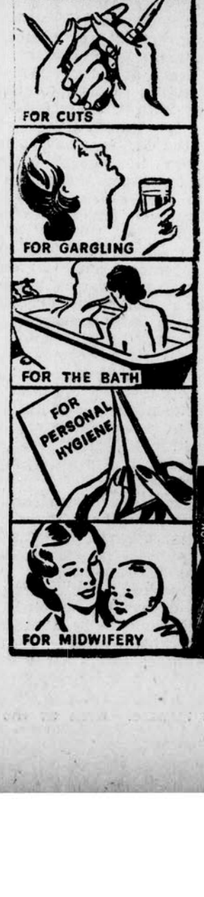

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1939

NATIONAL SOLIDARITY

University convocation addresses now-a-days rightly emphasise the duty of graduates to their country, whereas not very long ago they were almost exclusively academic or at least studiously avoided politics, except to enjoin an exaggerated sense of loyalty to the British Government. The Convocation address to the Patna University by Khan Bahadur Azizul Haque, Vice-Chancellor of the Calcutta University, is an eloquent appeal to the graduates "to ensure the organic unity of India" and to help in "reconstructing the future of this country on the bedrock of national solidarity". Though he might well have laid equal stress on national independence his strong appeal for national unity is in refreshing contrast with the new-fangled theories of some Muslim publicists who try to make out that Muslims are a separate nation in India and that India is not one nation but a congeries of nations.

Genius Of India

Khan Bahadur Azizul Haque is not a radical nationalist Muslim, but he is too good a student of India's history to deny her nationality. He calls upon the graduates of India to seek inspiration from "the genius of India which had inspired the great Maurya King to send out his mission of peace throughout the vast country and outside, which had strengthened the imperial Mughals in their dream of consolidating India, and which for decades past had been nurtured within the bosom of the poets and the philosophers, the statesmen and the politicians of India." It is interesting to note that about the same time that Mr. Azizul Haque addressed the graduates of the Patna University Prov. V. Ramanathan of the Maharaja's College Ernakulam, in his Readership Lecture on "The Spacious days of the Great Mughals," paid a great tribute to the spirit of tolerance and political sagacity of the Moguls which evolved a sense of homogeneity and uniformity. The Mughal Government, he said, was essentially a national government which was not "a preserve of a small caste"; and "no ebullitions of fanaticism prevented it from performing its national policy with characteristic vigour."

Beginning Of New Era

Mr. Azizul Haque is not unaware of "the war of ideologies" in India and the world. Referring to the war in Europe waged "to decide whether the world is safe only for the mighty and the strong in arms or whether the smaller units can preserve their national existence without being swamped and overwhelmed by the strength of superior physical force," he hopes a Commonwealth will emerge from the strife in which the smallest unit would have the right to live in the fullest freedom of its self-expression. "We doubtless share the hope; but just at present even a large unit like India is still under the yoke of British imperialism. If India is not immediately conceded the right of self-determination, that yoke will stand exposed as a sign of superior physical force. Whatever may be the immediate end of the European war, India will not fail to free herself from the yoke by non-violent means. And her triumph will, it is reasonable to hope, mark the beginning of a new era of right triumphing over might.

Another Indian Hunt In South Africa

(By Dr. LANKA SUNDARAM)

Within two months after the assumption of office by General Smuts as the Premier of the Union of South Africa, which was necessitated by the overthrow of the Hertzog Government on the neutrality issue, comes the news that it is the intention of the Union Government to order a fact-finding inquiry into the "Indian question" facing them. This decision seems to have lulled the Government of India into a sense of equanimity, since it has been contended by them during the past twelve months that such an enquiry is all that they want since they are confident that it would prove to the Union Government the non-existence of the said "Indian question". The Union Government's decision has also been hailed by the uninformed in India as having the seeds of a situation which need not be altogether inimical to the interests of our quarter of a million nationals in South Africa.

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But both the Government of India and the uninformed in this country are grossly mistaken about the situation obtaining in the Union. It has been the lot of the Government of India to find themselves unable to do anything effective in the cause of Indian nationals overseas if their interests are jeopardised by virtue of British imperial policy as in the case of the White Highlands theory in Kenya or the segregation proposals of a full-fledged Dominion as in South Africa. New Delhi was not even willing to take this Indian problem in the Union to the international forum by registering its vote against the South African Government's application for membership of the Council of the League of Nations since such conduct would be a breach of the ordained etiquette of membership of the British Empire and Commonwealth.

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Nothing is gained by drawing a doleful picture of the docility of the Government of India in the face of a determined assault on Indian rights in the Union, but at the present stage it is only necessary to concentrate on the essentials of the unenviable situation facing our countrymen in South Africa. Less than one year ago, the Hertzog Government brought before the Union House of Assembly their long promised resolution for the implementing of the Feetham Commission recommendations regarding Indian trading and residential rights position in the Union. A ramp in the Nationalist Party which threatened to defeat the Government on its own resolution, resulted in the repudiation by the Union Government of its pledge to implement the Feetham Recommendations and the dropping of the Resolution for ever.

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Early this year, the Union Government confessed defeat before a simulated wave of anti-Indian feeling which the Dutch Boers have brought to the surface, and the infamous Stuttaford Servitude Proposals were trotted out with a view to placating the race-conscious people of South Africa. These proposals evoked the strongest resentment of the Indian nationals in the Union and the people and the Government of India and resulted in the resignation of Dr. Jan Hofmeyer from the Union Cabinet. Then followed the equally predatory Transvaal Asiatics Land and Trading Bill which sought to peg down the Indian position in the Transvaal, but in the same breath sought to repudiate the Union's obligations to the Cape Town Agreement and to give a new shape and tone to the anti-Indian agitation under the specious general programme of a new policy of social separation of the Whites and the non-Whites in South Africa.

Meanwhile, the race-virus has spread to Natal, where ninety per cent. of Indians in South Africa reside, and interested parties have done their worst to see that anti-Indian sentiments find sufficient currency to demand Government intervention in a Province which has long been recognised to be the most liberal of the Provinces constituting the Union. The Estcourt Town Council raised the question of alleged penetration by Indians into European residential and trading areas, and urged the Indian Agent-General to investigate into the complaint. A Commission was appointed by the Natal Provincial Council to investigate the affairs of the Durban Municipal Corporation, and such were the wide and undefined terms of reference given to it that the Commission is not expected to exclude the Indian problem in the city where 90,000 Indians are resident to-day.

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Meanwhile, the report of the Mixed Marriages Commission was released to the public. After doing enormous violence to its own terms of reference, and also the recorded sentiments of its own chairman Mr. Villiers and of one of its members Madame Spilhaus, the Commission in its majority report urged the need for direct legislation to prevent the legalisation of mixed marriages. This Commission was appointed by the late Hertzog Government as an election stunt, but the Commission ignored such fundamental facts as the numerical excess of European males, the problem of licit and illicit intercourse between European whites and coloured females, and the absolutely harmless position of the Indian community in this regard. While recommending the banning of mixed marriages, the Commission left in the air the problem of miscegenation arising out of extensive prostitution at the bottom of South African white society, but contented itself with whipping up anti-Indian feeling.

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Then the Hertzog Cabinet fell four days after the declaration of war, and General Smuts, the erst-while Deputy Prime Minister, assumed the reins of Government in the Union. It is no doubt true that Mr. Stuttaford, the former Minister of the Interior, now

(Continued on Page 3)

Well Done, Hindu Team!

Magnificent batting by Vinoo Mankad and Vijay Merchant enabled the Hindus to snatch a well-deserved victory over old and worthy rivals, the Muslims, holders of the Pentangular Cricket Championship since its inauguration two years back, and thus deprive the latter of what would have been a great 'hat trick'. It is indeed, a tribute to the prowess of these two batsmen that what was for over two days proceeding scrupulously as a "bowlers' match" should ultimately be decided 'off' their *bat*. Bowlers had predominated to such an extent prior to the Mankad-Merchant partnership on Monday that 32 wickets had within a little over two days' play fallen for less than 18 runs a piece!

Commendable bowling by Amar Singh, C. S. Naidu, Nissar and Banerji jointly shares the credit for the amazing debacle of the country's leading run-getters, with the generally excellent fielding of both sides and, more than anything else, the masterly manner in which C. K. Naidu and Wazir Ali handled their bowlers and placed their field. Though C. S. Naidu, Nissar, Amir Elahi and S. Banerji captured most of the wickets, the most impressive bowling of the match—, indeed, of the whole Tournament—stands to the credit of Amar Singh, who bowled over after over of unplayable stuff courageously in the face of an obstinate and persistent ill-luck. Barring Mushtaque Ali, Wazir Ali, Dilawar Hussain and Abbas Khan, none of the remaining Muslim batsmen could cope with his good-length swingers.

Vinoo Mankad and Vijay Merchant between them put on 121 runs for the third wicket, in the Hindus' second venture, and paved the way for their side's ultimate victory. Requiring 221 runs to make to win the match with almost two whole days at their disposal the Hindus could have adopted ultra-cautious methods and, in the circumstances, their batsmen would have been excused. It must, therefore, be said to the latter's credit that they played delightfully enterprising cricket and scoring at a steady rate of over a run per minute hit up the 221 runs required within just over 3 1/2 hours. A commendable performance indeed! Vinoo Mankad's 73 was a pleasing mixture of restraint and enterprise, and showed the Jamnagar player as possessing an invulnerable defence. Vijay Merchant was in perfect trim and played one of the most polished innings of his career for his 88 not out, which was incidentally the highest individual score of the match. The fielding of both sides was uniformly excellent. This year's Pentangular matches show the standard of fielding in our country to have improved beyond recognition, which augurs well for the future as fielding has always been the bugbear of Indian cricket sides. It is pleasing to observe that, in spite of the presence of a number of provocative elements amongst the supporters of both the sides, who persisted in making their presence felt in a highly unsportsmanlike and often rowdy manner, the match itself was throughout played in a most amicable atmosphere worthy of the highest traditions of sport and sportsmen. More so than other referees and umpires, a cricket umpire's job is as thankless as it is delicate. The umpiring, in this year's Pentangular matches has been uniformly of a high standard and Messrs Dubash and Kapadia in particular are to be complimented on the commendable manner in which they conducted this year's final. To those who followed the fortunes of the game dispassionately the Hindus' victory in a tenacious struggle was nothing if not well-deserved. Congratulations to both the old and new champions for having provided one of the most entertaining and well-fought out cricket finals of recent years.

The War Goes On!

Magnetic Mines And Hitler's Secret Weapon

(By Our Special Correspondent).

"The demands of totalitarian warfare . . . . will ever ignore the cheap theoretical desire to abolish unrestricted U-Boat Warfare . . . and aircraft will now combine with submarines in sinking every vessel which tries to reach the enemy's ports, even vessels sailing under neutral flags."

—GENERAL LUDENDORFF (1937)

Twelve weeks have passed since the fateful day when the power-mad dictator of Germany gave the signal for the present war. During this period there was a general tendency to make facetious remarks about the "bogus" nature of this war. The "complaint" seemed to be that nothing much was happening on the various fronts and that both the sides had failed to turn out any spectacular and sensational raids —on land, sea or air.

The Western Front still continues to be in a state of suspended animation, both the sides being 'locked up'—a situation like the earlier phase of the Pentangular Final!

Those Magnetic Mines

On the High Seas, however, an 'exciting' new factor has appeared, a diabolic menace which is likely to give us any number of "sensations" — sensations that spell death and destruction on a scale that is ghastly to contemplate! With a characteristic disregard for international obligations, the Germans have launched a weapon—the magnetic mine—which constitutes not only a danger to the British navy and merchantmen but also to neutral shipping.

The magnetic mine was outlawed by international agreements as a weapon of war as its use cannot be restricted to belligerents. A submarine is supposed not to molest neutral shipping and even while sinking enemy craft must give notice to the crew so that they can leave in life-boats. The magnetic mine is a 'blind' weapon liable to damage any craft coming within its range, irrespective of whether it flies an enemy or a neutral flag.

Has Hitler Forgotten...?

These mines have already done sufficient damage to British shipping during the last week. The loss of "Rawalpindi" is particularly serious. For some time more, it may be expected, they will continue to be a source of considerable anxiety and may even inflict more damage. But the Allied military scientists are already busy on devices to combat this menace. Even as the submarine was mastered in the last war and the anti-aircraft guns perfected to nullify the new danger from the skies, one can confidently expect that an antidote for magnetic mine will also be found.

Meanwhile, however, the Nazis are bound to irritate public opinion in neutral countries by the damage to neutral shipping caused by these mines. (Already we hear of a Swedish oil-tanker being drowned by a mine off the North Coast of Britain). Even if for the time being the magnetic mine has given some advantage to the Germans it is more than balanced by the moral indignation that the use of such reckless weapons is sure to create in the world. Has Hitler forgotten that in the last war the submarines ultimately proved Germany's undoing by bringing in U.S.A. on the side of the Allies?

Secret Weapon?

It is being asked if the magnetic mine is the Secret Weapon with which Hitler has repeatedly threatened the Allies. Some observers believe it is so. The dropping of magnetic mines by aeroplanes is undoubtedly an ingenious, even if fiendish, device which has never before been used in a war.

Gas!

Other observers, however, seem to think that Hitler's secret weapon is even more dastardly—Gas! The theory seems to be that gas attack on an enormous scale will be used to paralyse the Allied defence, thus making way for the mechanized land and air columns that will follow. Nobody can forecast such matters with any measure of certainty but it is more than plausible that the Germans propose to use some species of poison gas in the war A rehearsal, on a small scale, was doubtless tried in Poland but the real test of gas warfare has yet to come. Will it be a feature of the hostilities in the near future?

Not very likely. The German objective at the moment is not a land victory but to break British supremacy on the seas. Each succeeding move—U-boats, aerial attacks upon convoys, even the

(Continued on page 8, col. 5)

Frankly Speaking

A Soviet Bombardment

With admirable promptitude the Russians are trying to exploit the confusion that has been created in the International situation by Herr Hitler's resort to his "secret weapon" and the British announcement of counter-measures. They propose to strike at Finland. It is believed in Stockholm that "the Soviet is likely to adopt diplomatic measures this week aimed at securing a definite result on the questions at issue" between Russia and Finland. What if Finland, inspite of "friendly" pressure by Germany—what a change —should resist as usual? The 'Pravda', the official organ of the Comintern, has started abusing Finland's Premier and has significantly reminded him of Poland's ex-rulers "who have lost their positions for ever." Is it not —to use the jargon of war a heavy artillery bombardmen of Finland preparatory to an advance?

A Welcome Visit

We learn from our London correspondent that Sir Stafford-Cripps, the well-known Socialist M.P. and Solicitor-General in the Labour Cabinet, is coming to India to study the Indian struggle for Independence and the Congress demand for declaration of Britain's war aims. India will heartily welcome him because he is a friend of this country and because, being one of those Britons, who are not prejudiced by their Imperialist sentiments—whether of the orthodox or of the British Labour variety—he will be able to appreciate the justice and morality of India's demands Whether his study will contribute to the development of better relations between this country and his is, however, another matter. The Conservatives detest him and his politics, even his own party regards him as an extremist and irresponsible rebel. But Sir Stafford can at least "tell the British public."

Britain's "Peace Aims"

Is it possible to take it that there is some link connecting President Roosevelt's anticipation of peace by the spring and Mr. Chamberlain's broadcast speech? Is the problem, that is to say, of peace being actively canvassed in the important Chancelleries of the world? These are questions the answer to which is not yet possible. But it is interesting to note that Washington approves of the British Prime Minister's speech, which clarifies "the question of the objectives for which the Allies are fighting by drawing distinctions between war and peace." We do not take such an unreservedly pleasant view of Mr. Chamberlain's latest attempt, although it is an improvement on his past performances.

What About Empire?

A British paper urges that "the definition of peace terms as a matter for settlement by a world Congress of nations goes far beyond any former declaration of the Allies." Another thinks that it will convince the world that "our aims are not selfish or imperishable" while a third confidently asserts that "Britain seeks only the creation of a better life for all peoples." All this is quite delightful. But it will be noted that Mr. Chamberlain's admirable sentiments and world-convincing "aims" apply deliberately to Europe. What about the British Empire then? What, for instance, is India to be convinced of? Certainly not the beautiful message of unselfishness and better life for all peoples. Mr. Chamberlain does not define peace aims in relation to India. Therefore, he still adopts the attitude that peace aims are irrelevant to the British Empire which should remain as it is This is a position which is absolutely unacceptable to India. By the way, Mr. Chamberlain claimed that "we entered the war to defend freedom and establish peace, *the two vital principles of our Empire*" (our italics). To put it bluntly this is a manifest negation of truth

Postmen's Grievances

We understand that Sir G. V. Bewoor, Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, has come to Bombay to consider, among other things, the grievances of the low-paid postmen and clerks in the Bombay City Posts and Telegraph Department. It appears that the initial salaries of boy peons, postmen and subordinate clerks in Bombay City are Rs. 12, 24 and 45 respectively, which can hardly be called a living wage, considering the high rents and cost of living in the On due representation having been made in the matter, Government, it appears, were satisfied about the grievance; but unwilling to upset the whole scale, they contented themselves for the time being with granting these men compensatory allowances of Rs 2 to the Boy Peons and Rs. 5 to the Postmen and Lower Grade Clerks And in view of the special reasons for the allowances they were rightly regarded as an integral part of the salaries This was some compensation for sheer injustice to the lower paid postal servants.

Misdirected Economy

Unfortunately, however, these allowances were taken away last year as a measure of economy, and Congress Government have to bear the responsibility for the change What really happened was that all Provincial Congress Governments, rightly anxious to practise economy by cutting down higher salaries, made a beginning by cutting down the allowances of the upper grade officials. But apparently in the name of consistency and uniformity the Postal Department authorities cut down the allowances of the lowest paid men even in Bombay City though, as we have pointed out before, these allowances were meant and understood by all to be an integral part of the salaries. It is certainly not a principle of any Congress Government to reduce the lower-most salaries. They would, if they could, raise these salaries but would not reduce them directly or indirectly. From the point of view of justice as well as humanity it is necessary that the allowances of the subordinate and inferior employees should be speedily restored, with, if possible, retrospective effect.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

Mr. Chamberlain thanked the Empire peoples for their support so freely and swiftly given and said: We entered the war to defend freedom and establish peace, the two vital principles of our Empire and the Empire's unity to-day gave us moral as well as material strength to win them.

—Reuter

* * * *

Mr. Fazlul Haq has rejected Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's suggestion that he, Mr. Haq, should first draw up the charge-sheet against Congress Governments and submit it to the ex-Ministers.

He could do no less.

But we are surprised at Jawaharlal's naivete. Did he take the Bengal Premier for a simpleton who could be manoeuvred into revealing the prosecution case to the accused?

* * * *

Mr. M. N. Roy has been ordered not to enter the Punjab.

Is it because the Muslim League Premier of that Province disliked Mr. Roy's objection to the Congress withdrawing its Ministers?

* * * *

Sir Stafford Cripps, reports our London correspondent, is visiting India in his "personal capacity".

Of course. How else could he possibly come here?

* * * *

Forward Bloc To Go Forward
—Headline.

With its blockades?

* * * *

Four hundred Roman Catholic priests have been arrested in the Protectorate of Bohemia and Moravia.

—Paris report.

That doesn't shake Signor Mussolini.

* * * *

Says M. Tatarescu, Rumania's new Premier: "For the moment there will be no change in our foreign policy.

Hallo! What is behind the moment?

* * * *

The *Pravda* of Moscow declares that "a buffoon is holding the Prime Minister's post" in Finland.

The language, you must acknowledge, is delightfully typical.

* * * *

According to Russian sources a number of Red Army soldiers were wounded by artillery fire from the Finnish side of the frontier.

We knew that the poor Russians will be reluctantly forced to be victimised by the Finns.

* * * *

"We should not", says Mr. Neville Chamberlain, "follow Germany's example of concealing our own losses and inventing non-existent enemy losses".

Quite, quite, quite.

But we do wish Mr. Chamberlain had not followed Germany during so many years.

* * * *

"Were you ever disappointed in love, old man?"

"Yes, twice. The first girl jilted me and the second didn't"

Pointed Paragraphs

Faith enables a man to eat hash.

Bad news and soft-boiled eggs should be broken gently.

Bachelors are women's rights and widowers are women's lefts.

The contractor who figures on sandpaper makes a rough estimate.

The way of the transgressor may be hard, but it's generally pretty smooth.

SPIRIT OF DOMINATION MUST BE EXORCISED

Chamberlain On Britain's War And Peace Aims

AMERICA WILLING TO HELP BRING ABOUT WORLD ORDER. BERLIN DEEPLY DISAPPOINTED

LONDON, Nov. 26.

Mr. Chamberlain broadcasting at 9-15 p.m. to-day, after referring to his broadcasts of September 3 said that after twelve weeks of war, he was speaking to them again happily with health and strength unimpaired and with full confidence in their ultimate victory.

BRITAIN'S WAR AIMS.

The Prime Minister said that the war aim was to defeat the enemy, not merely enemy's military forces, but also his aggressive and bullying mentality, which sought continually to dominate other peoples by force and which found brutal satisfaction in the persecution and torture of inoffensive citizens and the name of the interests of the state justified repudiation of its own pledged word whenever it found it convenient.

If the German people could be convinced that this spirit was as bad for themselves as for the rest of the world they would abandon it. If we could secure that they did abandon it without bloodshed, so much the better, but abandoned it must be. "That is our war aim and we shall persevere in this struggle until we have attained it."

TO ESTABLISH A NEW EUROPE.

Dealing with peace aims, Mr. Chamberlain said our desire would be to establish a new Europe not in the sense of redrawing the map according to the ideas of the victors, but a Europe with a new spirit in which the nations of Europe would approach their difficulties with goodwill and mutual tolerance.

In such a Europe fear of aggression would have ceased to exist and such adjustments of boundaries as would be necessary be thrashed out between the neighbours sitting on equal terms round the table with the help of disinterested third parties, if so desired.

In such a Europe it would be recognised that there could be no lasting peace unless there was full and constant flow of trade between nations concerned and each country would have the right to choose her own form of internal Government as long as it did not pursue an external policy injurious to its neighbours and armaments would be gradually dropped as useless expense, except as far as needed for the preservation of internal law and order.

This would take many years and some machinery would be needed capable of guiding the development of the new Europe in the right direction. He hoped that Germany, animated by a new spirit, might be among the nations which would participate in its operations.

no attempt to lay down peace terms in detail" says the "Daily Telegraph."

The paper adds, "he was concerned with the spirit in which any peace worth having must be made. The definition of peace terms as a matter for settlement by a world Congress of nations goes far beyond any former declaration of the Allies.

The "Manchester Guardian" says that the speech should do a great deal to convince opinion abroad that our aims are not selfish or imperishable.

The "News Chronicle" says, "The Prime Minister went far to meet the desire both at home and abroad for a more precise statement of the sort of Europe we hope to see created when the war is won. Those aims should make it clear to the world that Britain seeks only the creation of a better life for all peoples.—Reuter.

America Satisfied With Chamberlain's Speech

NEW YORK, Nov. 26

Mr. Chamberlain's speech is considered in authoritative quarters in Washington to have done much to clarify the question of the objectives for which the Allies are fighting by drawing distinctions between war and peace aims

They point out that the United States administration has expressed the view that the nation would be ready to co-operate in securing a peaceful world after the war through trade agreements, cooperation in disarmament and by discussing with other powers and interests the troubled Far-Eastern situation.

FULL SCALE PLAN.

"The Herald Tribune" says Mr. Chamberlain, dropping the motion of any mere truce or any more patching up of a new Balance of Power with minor territorial revision, is thinking in terms of another fullscale reorganisation of Europe such as was attempted with such meagre results in 1919.

PARIS COMMENT.

PARIS.—"Never has Mr. Chamberlain spoken with so much nobleness, authority and firmness," says the "Paris Midi" commenting on the Prime Minister's broadcast.—Reuter.

BERLIN DEEPLY DISAPPOINTED

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Mr. Chamberlain's speech is commented upon at length in the official German wireless.

The announcer described his peace aims as deeply disappointing to all who expected something more concrete and added that his picture of a New Europe was too unpleasantly reminiscent of the late President Wilson's fourteen points.—Reuter.

BRITISH AIMS NOT SELFISH

LONDON, Nov. 29

Wisely Mr. Chamberlain in his broadcast speech yesterday did

TWO VOICES

AIR RAID ON FR. POSITIONS

Failure Due To Lack Of Trained Officers

LONDON, Nov. 27.

A French "communique" states: There was reduced activity among units in contact and artillery.

Another unsuccessful Nazi attempt to raid French positions east of Moselle was made on Saturday night at the same point as the raid on Saturday The French troops believe the same men were engaged in the attack probably as a punishment for their previous failure.

Two Nazi detachments participated in the attack under cover of darkness with a gap of nearly half a mile between them, but fierce French machine gun and artillery fire repulsed the Germans who apparently beat a very hasty retreat.

The French suggest that one of the reasons for the failure of the two attacks is the Nazi's lack of trained officers and non-commissioned officers.

British Air Raid On Germany

In a further statement regarding R. A. F. flights over North-West Germany on Saturday, the Air Ministry says:

Bad weather conditions with snow, ice and heavy rain and failing light of the late afternoon made the task particularly difficult and hazardous. but flying low in the face of intense anti-aircraft fire, the aircraft succeeded in reaching their objective and completing their task

One pilot was able to take the defences momentarily by surprise. He was above the naval base with his camera in action before the ground batteries could open fire but within a few seconds he was subjected to an intense barrage of "flaming onions" and pompom shells The pilot had to resort to violent evasive action to escape.

Intense anti-aircraft fire was also encountered by the other aircraft engaged in the operations but only one enemy fighter was seen and this was easily avoided in the prevailing clouds.

Airways Corporation

The Air Minister has established the British Overseas Airways Corporation with three members, Sir John Reith, Chairman, Mr. Clive Pearson, Deputy Chairman and Mr. Leslie Runciman.

Originally the Corporation was to consist of the Chairman, Deputy Chairman and not less than nine or more than fifteen members, but because of the war, it is unnecessary to establish so large a Corporation.—Reuter.

CONTROL OF GOODS BY RAIL

Defence Of India Rules For Carriage Of Specified Goods

NEW DELHI, November 27.

Control of carriage of goods by Railways is provided for by an amendment of the Defence of India rules laying down that the Central Government may direct any Railway Administration to give special facilities or preference for the transport of specified goods or specified classes of goods or to refuse to carry specified goods either entirely or between specified points.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Indian Railways Act, a Railway Administration shall be bound to comply with such directions.—A.P.

initial plans, as 48 hours will, at the most, suffice to gather these troops together.—Reuter.

GERMAN AIRMEN CROSS SWISS FRONTIER.

BERNE:—Three German airmen crossed the frontier on Sunday morning. They surrendered to the authorities and have been interned, according to an official announcement.

BELGIAN PRECAUTION.

A message from Burssels says that the military authorities have again commandeered all motor buses and army leave has been cancelled.

The Minister for National Defence stated that the requisitioning of these buses will apply only for one day.

WINTER LEAVE FOR ITALIAN ARMY

ROME, Nov. 27.

Some 300,000 men in the Army are being granted special winter leave from 1st Dec.—Reuter.

REICH OUT TO RE-ORGANISE WORLD

PARIS, Nov. 27

"The world will be reorganised by the Reich" is the slogan launched by the German Army newspaper "Wacht-in-West" according to a Havas message from Berne.—Reuter.

Poles Must Leave German Territories

LONDON, November 27

Poles living in provinces which are now incorporated with the Reich will have to leave, said Herr Forster in a speech at Bromberg quoted by the Paris wireless. He added "It is our task to germinate the district."

"NOT A FRENCH OFFICIAL"

PARIS, Nov. 27

Officials stressed that M. Bonnet is now an allied and not a French official. His appointment is the first of its kind.

It is pointed out that the allied scheme of economic co-operation is already being practically implemented which is declared to be a stinging reply to German propaganda alleging that allied cooperation is only window-dressing.

The appointment of a Frenchman is warmly welcomed as a further proof of the unreserved confidence existing between the Allies.

It is described as typically British firplay to adopt a French Chairman because the committee will function in London.—Reuter.

'RAJKOT HAD NO FREE SCOPE'

Mahatma's Article In "Harijan" And State Circles' Plea

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, November 27.

In regard to Gandhiji's article in the last issue of the "Harijan" on Rajkot reforms it is learnt from reliable sources that when questioned States circles put forward the old plea that under pressure from the Paramount Power and other Ruling Princes, Rajkot State had no free scope in formulating Reforms.

Gandhiji's article, giving clear direction to self-respecting people of Rajkot not to co-operate with the Reforms, however allays doubts as to the future course of action.

GERMAN SHIPS STRIKE OWN MINE

(Continued from Page 1)

Saturday. The trawler went down in a minute.

MERCHANTSHIP ATTACKED.

The German merchantship "Borkum" which was captured by a British warship and was being brought to a port by a Prize Crew was attacked by an U-boat and set on fire. The vessel was abandoned and was driven ashore.

There were no casualties among the Prize Crew, but four Germans were killed.

ANOTHER CAPTURED.

Another German merchantship "Konsul' Henrik Fissar" has been captured by a British warship and brought to a harbour

JAPAN CALLS FOR EXPLANATION

Japan is asking the British and German Governments for a formal explanation of the sinking of "Terukuni Maru."

The Domei Agency states that it is understood that Japan will take further action after careful study of the replies.

NOT TO CALL AT LONDON

The head offices of Nippon Yusen Kaisha after consulting with the Ministry of Communications has decided that their vessels will call at Liverpool instead of London temporarily according to the Domei Agency.

Norway's Representation To London

OSLO, Nov. 27.

It is understood that the Government will make representations in London in connection with the latest measures by the allies in pursuance of the economic warfare.—Reuter.

Iran & Br. Govt.'s Decision

TEHERAN, Nov. 27.

The Government have made representations to Britain concerning their decision to seize German exports.—Reuter.

GERMAN CLAIM EXPOSED

It is authoritatively learned that in a recent air attack on a British cruiser and destroyer in the North Sea fourteen bombs were dropped by three German machines in one engagement.

In another seven German machines were engaged.

In neither case were the attacks successful

German authorities first claimed four direct hits on the British cruiser which was described in the German 'communique' as of the Aurora Class, but following the British Admiralty 'communique which stated that the cruiser was not hit, Germans reduced the claim to one hit.

The attack is considered as an indication that aircraft attacks against meno'war are not likely to be successful.

MAHATMA CRITICISED

Forward Bloc Executive On Advice Regarding Civil Resistance

(From A Correspondent).

CALCUTTA, Nov. 27.

The All-India Working Committee of the Forward Block at its sitting on November 26, adopted several resolutions congratulating those who have been arrested under the Defence of India Act, condemning the action of the Punjab and Bengal Governments for curtailment of Civil Liberties protesting against the statement of Gandhiji to the effect that "Indian Muslims will resist a national struggle for freedom, with the result that communal riots will occur and so on."

The Committee congratulated Pandit V. D. Tripathy, M.L.A. (U.P.), Pandit Jadunath Sharma of Bihar and other Forward Bloc leaders on their arrest under the Defence of India Act. The Committee condemned "this Governmental repression that has been accentuated in different parts of the country since the outbreak of war," and further reminded the British Government that "such a policy of repression ill-becomes a Government that is supposed to advocate the cause of democracy and freedom in the world."

REMINDER TO LEAGUE

The Committee drew the attention of the Muslim League to the policy and activities of the Punjab and Bengal Governments and regretted that since the war, arrests, persecution and curtailment of Civil Liberties in the two provinces have become widespread. "It is noteworthy that the Punjab Government that is supposed to look after the interests of the Muslims, has made no discrimination between Hindu and Muslim Anti-Imperialists as is evident from the treatment accorded to the Majlis-i-Ahrar."

The Committee warmly congratulated the Majlis-i-Ahrar on its "fearless and patriotic activities" upholding the prestige of the Indian nation giving a lie direct to the allegation that the Muslims of India are opposed to the national struggle for Independence.

The Committee recorded its appreciation of the progress of the Forward Bloc in the N.W. Frontier Province and it was convinced that the great Muslim community would not lag behind in the onward march to freedom.

The Committee regarded the restriction placed by the Congress Working Committee on Congressmen organising volunteer corps apart from the Khudai Khidmatgars as unjust and detrimental to the progress of the freedom movement.

MAHATMA CRITICISED

The Committee strongly protested against "the unfair allegation made by Gandhiji to the effect that Indian Muslims would resist a national struggle for freedom with the result that communal riots might occur." "The Committee has no doubt that Indian Muslims will repudiate this baseless and unwarranted slur."

Forward Bloc Condemns Repression In Mysore And Travancore

CALCUTTA, Nov. 27.

To-day's sitting of the Working Committee of the All-India Forward Bloc adopted, among others, a lengthy resolution on the Indian States opining that the Congress ought to show greater sympathy and solicitude for the States' people in their struggle for civil liberty and responsible government, suggesting that a conference should be held about the middle of December to which people interested in the States' people's movement should be invited and definite measures should be taken for inaugurating Forward Bloc organisations among the States' people and authorising the General Secretary of the Bloc to take necessary steps to convene such a conference.

The Committee also condemned the repression in the Travancore and Mysore States and congratulated the people of those States on their fearless stand and expressed the Bloc's solidarity with their struggle.

Another resolution supported the Indian seamen's demand for increased wages, better service conditions and for compensation in the event of death, and injury and condemned Government's failure to protect and safeguard the interests of the Indian seamen who are on duty in different parts of the world.—United Press.

"C. R." Unveils Mahatma's Portrait

Trade Relations Based On Non-Violence And Truth

NEW DELHI, Nov. 27.

Unveiling the portrait of Mahatma Gandhi in the hall of the Commercial College, Delhi, today Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar dwelt on the connection between the Mahatma and Commerce.

Mahatma Gandhi, he declared, was the best professor of Commerce. The basis of Commerce was Truth and non-Violence.

In the earlier days, trade was carried on by force but now the West had learnt that Truth and non-violence were the principles by which to guide themselves in their trade relations.

Mr. Rajagopalachariar reminded his audience of his saying that "students are like corn seeds which a wise farmer will conserve for future use and for growing another crop and no farmer is justified in eating it up except when there is no other means of keeping himself alive."

At the outset of his speech, Mr. Rajagopalachariar deprecated purposeless talking, which he said was a form of idleness. Talk, he urged, should be reduced to a minimum, and should be directed either to regulate our conduct or increase our knowledge. Mahatma Gandhi never spoke uselessly.

IN TURBULENT TIMES

It was a pity, he thought, that students at present were living in turbulent times. A disproportionate amount of a tention was being devoted to Politics, while in other countries, people lived and engaged in a variety of activities. But students in India were not on that account unlucky. He who had plenty to do was really a lucky person; one who had the most difficult problems to solve should be proud of it. We, as a nation, had very difficult problems to solve; unlike Great Britain, our problems were of continental magnitude. Unlike Great Britain, our unemployed numbered millions and we had a variety of languages and religions. If we solved the problems presented by these, as we were sure to solve them, we would make a lasting contribution to the service of humanity. We were trying to solve these problems by the method of persuasion and mutual consent and not by coercion.

Mahatma Gandhi was the personification of this work of unification. In the midst of the diversity in India, those who had eyes and ears could see the unity; others could only see a nation of disjointed individuals.

NATIONALISM SPIRITUALISED

In requesting Mr. Rajagopalachariar to perform the ceremony, Mr. S. Sen, Principal of the College, said that Mahatma Gandhi had spiritualised and transfigured Indian Nationalism. Politics, in fact, was a part, a phase of Mahatma Gandhi's religion, as it should be of everyone's. His cult of the Charka, said Mr. Sen, was potent means of economic salvation and a symbol of the natural tie of sympathy and brotherly love which should bind the rich with the poor and the town with the village.—A.P.

Kolhapur Ruler Buys Race Horses

LONDON Nov. 27.

"Portmarnock" four-year-old and "Rossinver" three-year-old have been purchased on behalf of the Maharajah of Kolhapur and are being sent to India.—Reuter.

King Receives Zafrullah

LONDON. Nov 27.

After a meeting of the Privy Council at Buckingham Palace, His Majesty received Sir Md. Zafrullakhan.—Reuter.

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Secret Session Of Commons

Government May Concede Oppositions' Demand In Few Weeks

LONDON, Nov. 27.

It is now probable that the Government will accede to the desire of the two Oppositions for a secret session within the next few week, Reuter's Lobby Correspondent learns.

The Opposition has made clear their wish to confine to the question of machinery for supplies for the fighting services. Naturally non-Government parties receive allegations and complaints from the industrial side, which they are disinclined to ventilate publicly, lest the allegations prove unfounded.

If a secret session is held no record of the proceedings will exist and even official reporters will be excluded as during the last war.—Reuter.

ENGLISH MARES FOR HUNGARY

LONDON, Nov. 26.

According to the newspaper "Excelsior" of the large number of the Aga Khan's horses sent to Hungary, seven English mares arrived at a Stud Farm in Alag, in Pest district, being acquired by the official Hungarian Breeding Company.

Twenty-two other mares will probably follow.

Further the Aga Khan has offered the Hungarian Company one of the finest thoroughbreds in his stable.—Reuter.

Hertzog Not For Republic

Hitch In Formation Of Proposed United Afrikaners' Farty

JOHANNESBURG, November 27.

A hitch in the negotiations between the Nationalists headed by Dr. Malan and the Hertzog group for the formation of a party "in which all Afrikaners will be able to co-operate" was revealed in a speech by ex-Minister Havenga who declared that Dr. Malan insisted that the projected amalgamation should be a Republican Party, while Gen. Hertzog was not prepared to go beyond leaving members free individually to express their own views on it.

The Nationalist newspaper, "Transvaler", declares that Gen. Hertzog adamantly refused to be a member of a party which aimed at a republic.—Reuer.

NOTHING DOING ON WESTERN FRONT

PARIS. Nov. 27.

A "communique" states: There was nothing of importance to report during the night.

German Troop Movements

PARIS, Nov. 27.

Further German troop movements are occurring in the region of Aix la Chappelle on the German-Belgian and German-Dutch frontiers, according to M. Charles Morice in 'Petit Parisien'.

He states that there has been dispersal of formations there on a front of about fifteen or twenty miles, probably in order to obtain greater facilities for quartering troops massed in those regions. This does not, however, signify that the enemy has renounced his

New Pentangular Champions

(Continued from page 10)

last over before lunch conceded a single to Vinoo and when the teams broke for lunch the Hindus had scored 96 for 2 wickets, in their second venture, Vinoo and Vijay Merchant being unbeaten with 46 and 28 respectively.

Great Third Wicket Partnership

When the Hindus resumed after lunch Vinoo Mankad, still limping brought Jagdale as runner. On the Muslim side, Abbas Khan relieved Dilawar Hussein as wicket-keeper, Yakub Sheikh fielding as substitute for the latter, who retired from the field due to his previous day's injury. Amir Elahi resuming the attack to Vinoo, from the Pavilion end, conceded 2 twos in his first over to the Jamnagar bat who reached his own 50 and hoisted the first century of the innings—incidentally with the same stroke both after 93 minutes' batting, amidst delirious applause from the crowd. Scoring continued at a brisk rate. Vinoo pulled the 4th delivery of Amir Elahi's second over after lunch, grandly to the ropes and Merchant following up with a brace off the same bowler signalled 119 after 93 minutes.

At this stage Nissar relieved Saeed Ahmed from the Churchgate end, after the latter had bowled only 1 over for 1 run. Both the batsmen however were bent upon forcing the pace. Vijay pulled Amir Elahi grandly to the on-boundry, and following up with a two and a single from the same over the Bombay skipper saw 120 on board after 106 minutes' batting. Wazir now brought on Jehangir Khan, in place of Nissar from the Churchgate end, and after getting a single off the Cambridge Blue's third delivery, Vijay crossed over and cover-drove Amir Elahi magnificently to the ropes At this stage Mazhar Mahmud relieved Amir Elahi from the Pavilion end and cutting the Punjab University fast bowler's third delivery sharply to the rails, Vinoo reached his own 60 and signalled his side's 130, both after 117 minutes. The Jamnagar bat celebrated the occasion by off-driving the last ball of the same over powerfully to the ropes.

Mazhar was taken off in favour of Saeed Ahmed, after this over, and the new bowler opened with a maiden to Vinoo. At the other end Vijay conceded 2 successive maidens to Jehangir. Scoring had appreciably slowed down now, runs mostly coming through occasional well-placed singles. 140 of the innings was up after 134 minutes, the last 10 having taken 20 minutes.

Vinoo's Fine Knock

Immediately after, Vijay cutting Jehangir for 2 reached 49. At this stage Amir Elahi relieved Saeed Ahmed from the Pavilion end, and opened with a maiden to Vinoo. Jehangir was kept on at the other end, and late-cutting the third delivery of the Cambridge Blue's next over for 2 Vijay obtained his 50, after having been at the crease for 111 minutes, and was vociferously cheered by the mammoth crowd which could now be estimated as over 32,000. Immediately after Vinoo tapping Jehaheir through the slips for 2 reached his 70, and Vijay following up with a single off the same bowler signalled 150 after exactly as many minutes. But without any further addition to the total Vinoo Mankad in attempting a drive off the 4th delivery of Amir Elahi's 11th over was a bit too late and had his stumps scattered. (150-3-73).

Barring a chance at 11 off Nissar, Vinoo had batted magnificently for 2 1/2 hours and his 73 which literally put the Hindus on the way to victory, included 9 hits to the ropes. Well-timed cuts and drives and occasional pulls to square-leg and hooks were the Jamnagar bat's principal scoring strokes. The Mankad-Merchant partnership had yielded 121 runs for the 3rd wicket.

Vijay Merchant's Superb Batting

He was replaced by C. K. Naidu. At 157 Saeed Ahmed relieved Jehangir Khan from the Churchgate end, after the Cambridge Blue had in his second spell of the innings, bowled 10 overs, including 2 maidens for 16 runs. 160 of the innings was up after 163 minutes and Vijay soon getting two quick fours, a powerful pull to square-leg and a perfect hook, both off Amir Elahi saw 170 on board after another 10 minutes. Vijay was in his best elements and was scoring freely all round the wicket. The Bombay and India bat was particularly hard on Amir Elahi. Getting another powerful pull to the square-leg boundary off the Northern India slow-spinner Merchant reached his 70 after 146 minutes' batting.

A couple of minutes later C. K. with a brace off Saeed Ahmed signalled 180 after 178 minutes. The Hindus now required only 41 runs for a victory and with both batsmen anxious to force the pace it looked almost certain that the match would end before tea. At 184, Wazir tried Mushtaque Ali for the first time in this year's Pentangular series, the Indore slow-bowler relieving Saeed Ahmed from the Churchgate end C. K. Naidu lifted the new bowler powerfully to the on-boundary and 190 was up after 187 minutes' batting. But without any further addition to the total, C. K. Naidu let in the first delivery of Amir Elahi's next over and was clean bowled for 13 (190-4-187). C. S. Naidu joined Merchant and opened hectily, straight-driving Amir Elahi's very next delivery to the sight screen. Mushtaque Ali gave way to Saeed Ahmed, after bowling only one over for 6 runs and after the latter had sent down a maiden, Vijay getting a single off Amir Elahi hoisted the double century after the innings had lasted 198 minutes, amidst deafening cheers. The new ball being taken, Wazir brought on Nazir Ali from the Churchgate end, and the latter soon claimed a wicket, C. S. Naidu after getting a 2 and 4, (an off-drive, the batsmen running out the 4) stepped across Nazir's fifth delivery and was declared l.b.w. (207-5-14).

New Pentangular Champions

Banerji replaced him, and Vijay greeted his new partner by cutting the very first delivery of Saeed Ahmed—who had taken on from the Pavilion end—through the slips for 4, to put up 210 after 207 minutes. A two and a couple of singles took the score to 215, when Amir Elahi replaced Saeed from the Pavilion and Banerji cutting the N. India slow-spinner's second delivery for 2 got a single off the fifth one and Merchant crossing over cut the last ball of the same over for 2 to bring the Hindus a well-deserved victory by 5 wickets and 1 run, in a close struggle. Memorable scenes, reminiscent of the most delirious exhibitions of mass 'fan-fever' greeted the new Pentangular Champions, garlands and flowers raining in from all sides. In the usual scramble for souvenirs, Vijay Merchant whipped off all the three stumps at his end, and ran off, 'jealously' guarding them.

Vijay had batted superbly for just over 3 hours for his flawless, unbeaten 88, and hooking, cutting, driving and pulling in his own inimitable style had sent the ball 9 times to the ropes.

MUSLIMS
Second Innings

Mushtaque Ali, b Banerji	3
S. M. Kadri, b Amar Singh	33
Abbas Khan, c V. M. Merchant, b Banerji	10
Wazir Ali, run out	52
Nazir Ali, b C. S. Naidu	3
Dilawar Hussein, retired hurt	45
Saeed Ahmed, l.b.w., Banerji	0
Jehangir Khan, b Banerji	0
Amir Elahi, not out	19
Mahomed Nissar, b C. S. Naidu	1
Mazhar Mahmud not out	4
Extras	10
Total	130

FALL OF WICKETS.
1 for 16, 2 for 32, 3 for 80, 4 for 93, 5 for 136, 6 for 136, 7 for 138, 8 for 141, 9 for 174.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
S. Banerji	14	2	57	4
Amar Singh	25	7	28	1
C. S. Naidu	25.1	3	64	4
C. K. Naidu	5	2	7	0
Amarnath	2	0	9	0
Vinoo Mankad	4	2	5	0

Banerji bowled 1 no ball.

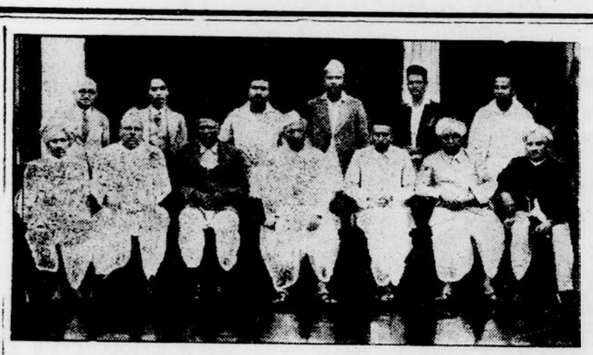
HINDUS
(Second Innings)

D. D. Hindlekar, c Abbas Khan b Nissar	13
Vinoo Mankad, b Amir Elahi	73
L. Amarnath l.b.w. Saeed Ahmed	5
V. M. Merchant not out	38
C. K. Naidu, b Amir Elahi	18
C. S. Naidu l.b.w. Nazir Ali	14
S. Banerji, not out	2
Extras	8
Total (for 5 wkts.)	221

FALL OF WICKETS
1 for 20, 2 for 29, 3 for 150, 4 for 190, 5 for 207.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Mahomed Nissar	9	0	38	1
Jehangir Khan	12	2	24	0
Saeed Ahmed	15	5	25	1
Nazir Ali	7	1	20	1
Mazhar Mahmud	3	0	20	0
Amir Elahi	19	2	80	2
Mushtaque Ali	1	0	6	0



Mr. A. B. Latthe, ex-Minister of Finance, Bombay, (centre), with the Directors of the Supreme Bank of India, Ltd., Belgaum, of which he performed the opening ceremony on 19th inst.

PENTANGULAR SIDELIGHTS

BY J. C. MAITRA

As was expected, the Hindus wrested the Championship from the Muslims and thus deprived the latter of the unique honour of winning it for the third time in succession.

* * * *

There is not the least doubt that the Hindus merited their victory thoroughly. They were the best combination in the Tournament.

* * * *

Their batting, bowling and fielding were nicely blended to make a composite whole, as a team should be. No department was over-weighted to leave loop-holes in one or the other.

* * * *

By conquering the Muslims, who relied mostly on their big battery of bowlers to demolish the opposing fortifications, they fully exploded the theory of winning matches with bowlers alone.

* * * *

The Hindu skipper, Major C. K. Naidu, deserves the highest praise for the able and wise manner he led his side to a triumphant end.

* * * *

This again exploded another myth that "C. K." was too unlucky to win a representative match, even with the best of elevens.

* * * *

This year full co-operation was promised in the Hindu team right from the beginning and perfect team-spirit was evident in their play. The result was victory for the Hindus.

* * * *

I have not the least doubt if the same spirit prevails in the sphere of all-India Cricket, there is no reason why India should not make a more glorious show in International Cricket than she has done in recent years.

* * * *

However, that is by the way. The Muslims continued their second innings in a more promising fashion than was anticipated. Dilawar Hussain, who had retired hurt on Sunday afternoon, returned to render further assistance to his side.

* * * *

With the assistance of Amir Elahi he raised the total to 174 when the latter was caught and bowled by C. S. Naidu.

* * * *

Dilawar had played a very fine game for his 45 and was largely responsible for saving his side from collapse.

* * * *

The bowling honours of the innings were shared by Banerjee and C. S. who shared 8 wickets between themselves evenly for 57 and 64 respectively. Amar Singh was rather unlucky in not capturing more than one wicket. He deserved several.

* * * *

The Muslims being out for 180, the Hindus needed 221 runs to win the match. Considering their batting strength, it was not at all a difficult task for them.

* * * *

Fortunately for them, their batsmen realised their past mistakes and began batting with the fullest confidence. Vinoo Mankad and Hindlekar batted and showed the way to break the back of Nissar's attack.

* * * *

Both Vinoo and Vijay attacked Nissar without the least fear. Mankad actually sent him to the boundary five times in the morning!

* * * *

The crowd was almost as big as it was on Sunday—about 35,000. It is, indeed, a record for the cricket festival of Bombay. There is not the least doubt that the communal aspect of the Tournament has a greater attraction for the public than mere class and colour of play.

* * * *

No encomium can be too high for the magnificent way Vinoo batted for 150 minutes to score 73 runs. In partnership with Vijay, he added 124 runs for the third wicket. To him the Hindus owe a deep debt for hailing victory in sight.

* * * *

The Naidu brothers failed again to make most of the happy situation. C. K. succumbed to Amir Elahi for the second time and C. S. to Nazir Ali, before they had made any big contribution.

* * * *

Vijay, however, continued to play a sterling game and carried his side ultimately to victory. He remained unbeaten for a splendid 88. Thus the Hindus won by 5 wickets.

* * * *

They fully deserved their success. The Muslims did their utmost to rob them of the honour. But they were up against a much superior batting combination.

* * * *

My only regret is that Wazir did not try his match-winning bowler, Mahomed Nissar in the afternoon. When he was calling on his other bowlers, the match was slipping away. It might have paid him to take a chance.

* * * *

There was a veritable riot of jubilation in the Hindu Camp when victory was announced. Besides the usual rush of garlands crackers were fired in abundance—a new feature of this year's Pentangular.

* * * *

This is the first year the Hindus have gained the Championship, since its inception in 1937. But they stand supreme in the list of Quadrangular Champions, having won it six times, as against 4 by the Europeans and 3 each by the Parsis and the Muslims.

* * * *

Before I close these notes, I must refer to the insulting way the C.C.I. has treated the entire Press. Although the Press Committee lodged a protest no action was taken by the authorities.

* * * *

The result was that the sporting journalists refused to accept even water from the Club. Certainly it does not redound to the credit of the institution which reaped a rich harvest due to the propaganda made by the Press.

* * * *

Unless proper amends are made the Press will be justified in giving a wide berth to the activities of the Club in future. I hope the authorities will realise their mistake ere long.

INDO-JAPANESE TRADE PARLEYS

NEW DELHI, November 27.

The "United Press" understands that a copy of the memorandum submitted by the Conference of the Non-Official advisers to the Indo-Japanese trade talks was called by the Government of India Delegate. This suggests that the Government of India proposals for new cotton protocol between Indian and Japan are generally on lines submitted by the un-official advisers. Indian proposals, it appears, have been forwarded to Tokyo by the Japanese Delegation with his own comments. It is understood the Japanese Government would make a counter proposal for new protocol.—United Press.

MAGNETIC MINES AND HITLER'S SECRET WEAPON

(Continued from page 6.)

contemplated attack upon Holland—was calculated to interfere with the regular British maritime traffic.

In naval warfare Gas does not appear to be a potent weapon of attack. And thus there is very little likelihood of this menace being let loose so long as the theatre of war remains on the high seas.

NEPAL PRINCE IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, Nov. 27.

Commanding Gen. Sir Bahadur Jung Bahadur Rana, G.B.E., son of H. H. the Maharaja of Nepal, arrived here to-day to discuss arrangements for the acceptance of the Nepalese Government's offer of 8,000 troops for service in India during war.

A similar offer was made and accepted during the last war when the Nepalese Government lent a similar number of troops for service in various parts of India.—A. P.

No. 122

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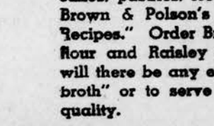

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MUTT AND JEFF—Well, After All, Jeff Only Saw Her from a Balcony Seat, Anyway — By BUD FISHER

MUTT, I'M THE HAPPIEST MAN IN ALL THE WORLD! AT LAST I FOUND THE GIRL OF MY DREAMS!
WHAT, ANOTHER DAME?
AH, BUT THIS ONE IS DIFFERENT! I MET HER AT THE STUDIO AND IT WAS LOVE AT FIRST SIGHT!
SNIFF SNIFF
MUTT, MY LIFE HAS JUST BEGUN! WITH A GIRL LIKE THAT I'LL GO PLACES AND DO THINGS! I'M GOING RIGHT OVER TO THE STUDIO NOW AND ASK HER TO MARRY ME!
WHAT'S HER NAME?
WHO?
MYRNA LOY!
MYRNA LOY?
YEH - WHAT CHA THINK OF HER?
OH, I THINK SHE'S SWELL! BUT WHAT CHA GONNA DO WITH HER HUSBAND?
HUSBAND? IS SHE MARRIED?
2-23

Where Indo-Ceylon Trade Parleys Stand

MR. DESAI ADVISES COLONIAL GOVT. TO FOLLOW POLICY OF GIVE AND TAKE

COLOMBO, (By Mail.)

A detailed account of the various activities of the Association, was given by Mr. H. M. Desai, President of the Indian Mercantile Chambers of Commerce, at the half yearly general meting, held here on the 17th Nov.:—

Though it was repeatedly announced in the Press in the last month that the Government of India invited Ceylon and the three Ministers and the Financial Secretary were making preparations to go to New Delhi, we are now told that the delegation is not going this year. If the news of the invitation of the Government of India which was repeatedly broadcast in the local press was authentic, why should there be a sudden change? Surely, there is something which our Ministers are reluctant to tell the public. Whatever it may be, the unfortunate impasse continues and it would be statesmanlike for Ceylon to settle the dispute in a spirit of give and take.

PANDIT NEHRU'S VISIT

Referring to Pt. Nehru's visit Mr. Desai said one good and desirable result has emerged out of Pandit Nehru's visit. Pandit Nehru scored a personal triumph and though he did not succeed in persuading the Board of Ministers to suspend their scheme of Repatriation, he was able to a remarkable extent to restore friendly feelings.

INDO-CEYLON TRADE NEGOTIATIONS.

Proceeding he said the Director of Commerce and Industries in February 1939, invited the Chamber to send any points it would like to be included in the Ceylon desiderata for the Indo-Ceylon trade talks, regarding the increase of the preferential margin and reduction of tariff values on Ceylon products imported into British India. Your Committee in their reply stated that tariff values in India were based on prices prevailing in the previous year and that it was difficult, in the opinion of the Committee, to find a more equitable basis. As regards larger preferential margin, it was pointed out, that success of any demand for a larger preferential margin would naturally depend on the need for India to provide a market for her own products and the advantages Ceylon might be prepared to grant in return.

A Conference to consider the desiderata in connection with the Indo-Ceylon trade negotiations was held in the office of the Director of Commerce and Industries on 21st June, 1939. Mr. F Dadabhoy attended the Conference on behalf of the Chamber. At the meeting Mr. Dadabhoy stressed the necessity of granting increased preferential duty for such commodities imported from India as rice, curry stuffs, ghee and manure.

EMPLOYMENT OF CEYLONESE LABOUR IN GOVERNMENT WORKS CONTRACTS.

The attention of the Committee was drawn to the Government Circular No. 0305/1(CTS) 283 dated 12-9-1939 notifying that in all Government Works contracts, only Ceylonese labour should be employed in future and clauses to this effect were inserted in tender notices, etc. Your Committee addressed a letter to the Deputy Financial Secretary, pointing out that the clauses relating to employment of Ceylonese labour in Government works contracts were contrary to the spirit of the Royal Instructions. Reference was made to the statement of H E. the Governor on the occasion of the opening of the Bank of Ceylon on 1st August, 1939 to the effect that any legislation restricting in immigration or limiting the employment of immigrants by private parties would have to be reserved, under the Royal Instructions for signification of His Majesty's pleasure. In view of this it would follow that no decision or step can be taken by the Government or any Department which would have the effect of limiting such employment.

The Deputy Financial Secretary in his reply stated that Government in stipulating that so far as is possible Government contractors shall employ Ceylonese labour is not violating either the spirit or the letter of the Royal Instrutions.

INDIAN SHIPPING.

Concluding Mr. Desai observed. There is one feature which from the Indian point of view is far from satisfactory and that is that there is no evident change in the outlook and policy of British shipping interests towards the legitimate aspirations of Indian shipping. The efforts of Indian enterprise in the Indian coastal waters as well as overseas trade need encouragement. Apart from this, it is not a little disconcerting to find that while the British shipping expresses its willingness to co-operate with those countries that threaten its existence by competition and rate wars, it refuses to accept Indian as an equal partner in the trade which legitimately belongs to her. As a large exporter of raw materials and an equally large importer of finished goods, India possesses tremendous bargaining power which can be utilised at the time of entering into trade treaties with different countries by insisting that a certain quota of that cargo shall be carried in Indian bottoms. But British shipping instead of using this bargaining power in India's favour utilises it in her own interests only. It is indeed most annoying that the Empire Maritime policy should have such a narrow outlook and that India should be compelled merely to shoulder its responsibilities and obligations without getting corresponding rights and concessions. A national mercantile marine is a second line of defence in times of war and given equal opportunities India is capable of building up her own merchant navy which besides carrying on the trade in her coastal waters in normal times would be of immense strength to the security of the country in times of war.

C. P. CO-OPERATIVE MOVEMENT

Progress Checked Due To Sub-Normal Crops

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, (By Mail).

A Government resolution on the working of the Co-operative Societies in the Central Provinces and Berar for the year ending the 30th June, 1939, states that the slight improvement in the economic condition of the people noticed in the previous year, unfortunately proved to be short-lived.

The outturn of the principal crops was below the normal and their prices suffered a further decline. These unfavourable circumstances naturally contributed to a setback in the co-operative movement in the province and hampered the efforts to improve the condition of co-operative institutions.

A large number of new societies are registered during the year. Fresh registrations aggregated 547. One hundred and five societies were cancelled. As a result, cash advances increased to Rs. 9.70 lakhs. The quota of the old Chattisgarh division was 171 fresh registrations.

Government is glad to note that the financial position of the provincial bank is strong and that it continues to enjoy excellent credit in the money market.

Government has noted with pleasure the expansion in the organization of land mortgage banks whose number increased by seven during the year, bringing the total to 19. These institutions have the potentiality of doing immense good to the people by freeing them from the load of indebtedness and improving their cultivation.

Government trusts that increased advantage will be taken of these institutions by the people.

PRIMARY DUTY OF MODERN STATE

Importance Of Physical Education

(From A Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, (By Mail.)

Mr. L. J. Kokardekar, D.P.E. (Berlin), Chief Organiser for physical Welfare, Central Provinces and Berar Government, speaking at Amraoti on Thursday last at the conclusion of the Officers' Refresher Camp of the workers of the Hanuman Vyayam Prasarak Mandal, Amraoti organised at Village Shendurjana Bazar, the Rural Welfare Centre in Berar of the Servants of India Society, stated that the importance of physical training in the rural areas had been fully realised by the Provincial Government which will shortly appoint 19 district Physical Welfare Organisers in district towns and at four major Municipal towns in the province.

The modern state, observed Mr Kokardekar, had recognised physical education as one of its primary duties and that in the matter of physical uplift of the rural population its obligations were all the more pressing.

NAGPUR, Nov. 26.

The town of Mandla in C. P is threatened with an outbreak of plague.

The Governor of C. P. and Berar has announced the application of temporary regulations with a view to preventing the spread thereof.—United Press.

LIGHT IN MIDST OF DARKNESS

"War Has Sinister Possibilities For Thought And Culture"

The following are the extracts from the presidential address delivered by Gyan Chand, Professor of Economics, Patna College, at the session of the All-Universities Cultural Conference held at Allahabad on 22nd November.

The crisis, which is upon us, is primarily a cultural crisis—a crisis which has arisen owing to our established patterns of thought and conduct having been found absolutely inadequate for answering the vital and urgent needs of the times.

The war has sinister possibilities for thought and culture of which we have to be keenly aware. It is evident that even if the worst comes to worst, it will not—it cannot—last long. Relapse into the dark ages is frequently predicted, but the wide diffusion of culture which has already taken place makes such a contingency very unlikely, and there is enough enlightenment in the world to-day which, even if it cannot save it, will be able to redeem it from an all-enveloping chaos if unfortunately we are unable to avert the tragedy.

There are times in the life of individuals and communities when they have to take the hazards of the future by acting upon assumptions which cannot be logically enunciated but which need not be irrational on that account.

The short-sighted and undependable men, who are in power, cannot be expected to understand the logic of the situation and, if they do understand it, to act up to its needs. The course of events in this country may not run smooth if these men choose to play the waiting game instead of taking time by the forelock. But India's freedom has to be a part of the new world order otherwise there will be no world order. India will either be free or even a more tormented victim in a world chaos.

IMPROVING TOBACCO CULTIVATION IN GWALIOR

GWALIOR, Nov. 24.

Mr. C B. Samuel, M.A., B.Sc., formerly Senior Marketing Officer to the Government of India, has been engaged by the Gwalior Durbar with a view to examining the possibilities of growing and curing Cigarette tobacco in the Gwalior State. Tobacco survey is now being conducted.

Apart from an elaborate examination of weather and soil conditions for the growing of the crop, an examination of the commercial possibilities of developing the crop is also being looked into. On the recommendations of Mr Samuel, a quasi-Government Company was started for tobacco in Mysore which paid dividends to shareholders from the very first year of its inception. If suitable conditions exist, the growing of this crop is expected to relieve the hardships of dry land cultivators, as good values are paid for carefully grown and properly cured and graded tobacco in the world's market

1940 WORLD FAIR AT NEW YORK

To Be Re-opened Despite War

NEW YORK.

Despite the war in Europe and the anticipation that many of the New York World's Fair present Foreign exhibitors will not return next year, plans are going on to continue the Fair for the coming year. Emphasis is being placed upon the domestic State and industrial exhibits and at the same time, it is hoped that most of the countries now occupying space will be persuaded to remain during 1940.

This week, the General Motors Corporation announced that it will be back for the coming year with a re-opening of its present outstanding exhibit, the Futurama. More than four and a half million persons have taken the ride through the popular Futurama, which depicts the super-highways of the World of To-morrow.

Most of the other major, industrial participants in the New York Exposition have similarly announced their decisions to take part in the 1940 Fair. It is expected that a general reduction in the rent to be charged will induce hesitant concerns and countries to renew their present displays.—"News Press Service." of the World of Tomorrow.

Democracy In R. A. F

By J. M. Spaight, Principal Assistant Secretary, Air Ministry. 1934-37.

Sometimes one hears it said that democracy is decadent, that it is uncreative, negative, sterile The Royal Air Force is a standing refutation of that libel. It is a democratic Force and it is the product of democracy.

If for instance Herr Fischer von Potorzyn is correct, in his "Luftmacht: Gegenwart und Zukunft im Urteil des Auslandes, how has this mighty Force come into being in a small island of free men.

According to him only a totalitarian State can endure the sacrifices which are necessary if air power is to be organised and developed successfully in these days. Yet the democratic British people have succeeded in such a task. Perhaps he will have reason to revise his judgment before the war ends.

Already, in the quality of its human and its material elements alike, the Royal Air Force need fear no comparison. In numbers of pilots and machines it will be the greatest Air Force in the world before the war is done.

Numbers, however, are not everything. After all, it is the imponderables which count most in war—the spirit, the morale, the "guts"—forgiveness is craved for the expression—of a fighting force. In these the Royal Air Force is second to none. The cutting edge of battle, which Lord Trenchard sharpened in those years of the last great clash of the western nations, is to-day as keen as ever.

FIGHT AGAINST HYACINTH IN HYDERABAD

7,500 Cart-loads Cleared In Two Days

The following Press Note has been issued by the Information Bureau, Hyderabad-Deccan:—

The measures which are being taken for the last three years to deal with the Bengal hyacinth problem in the Nizamabad District were pushed a stage further this year, when an intensive campaign was launched with the three-fold object of removing weeds, collecting snails and filling up water-locked tracts.

A two-day holiday was declared in the district to enable people to participate in the campaign, if they so desired.

The efforts made in this connection were amply awarded and, according to even conservative estimates, over 7,500 cartloads of weed were picked out, collected in huge heaps and ultimately consigned to flames.

Similarly, over 200 maunds of snails were collected, but it was felt that larger nets than those used could be more serviceable in the collection of snails in large tanks.

INJUNCTION AGAINST PAYMENT OF BILL GRANTED

Judge Praises Ratepayers For Bringing Inadvertency Of Municipality To Light

(From Our Correspondent.)

NADIAD, Nov. 24.

Mr. Dhulabhai Narshibhai Patel and other ratepayers of Nadiad filed a suit against the Nadiad Electric Supply Company and the Nadiad Borough Municipality praying for an injunction directing the Municipality not to make any payment towards the bill of the Electric Company for street lighting as the contract between the two defendants was void and initio.

Mr. A. G. Munshi, the Second Class Sub-Judge, delivered the judgment and the judge observed that "It would not be out of place to note the jumble by those responsible for the agreement. The Court further observed that the action of the ratepayers was praiseworthy in pulling up the Municipality when it has acted inadvertently in bringing about such an important contract."

The Court passed the decree as prayed for and the Plaintiffs were awarded their costs from the Municipality. The whole town of Nadiad took interest in the suit and the matter was sensational in the whole town.

GOVT. LITERACY CAMPAIGN.

A mamoth meeting of the public of Delisle Road, was held at the welfare centre hall of Delisle under the auspicies of the Government literacy champaign, when Mr. K. T. Manti, the special literacy officer to the Government of Bombay had presided and Mr. V. K. Joshi, the principa l of the Chabildas High School of Dadar and Dr. Rasik, R. Thakar, a well-known homeopath both had addressed the meeting in very eloquaint speeches which had impressed the mind of the people assembled there.

Indian Troops In Egypt

Time Spent In Intensive Training

The following is a report which has been received from an observer with troops of the Indian Army in Egypt:—

I am afraid I have no news of any thrilling interest to give you since there have been no operations in Egypt and most of our time is spent in intensive training for what the future may bring, in increasing our physical fitness and in amusing ourselves during our period of relaxation. I can, however, now let you know something of our voyage from India to Egypt and how we are getting on now we have all arrived here.

Our move from India was very rightly veiled in secrecy as at that time no one knew what the immediate future had in store for us. We travelled in several detatchments in convoy. Travelling in convoy is at times most impressive and at others almost uncanny. Our escorting warships kept continual watch and ward and gave us an excellent example of what is meant by "command of the sea." When fogs came, as they sometimes do, the noise of the fog horns and the lack of visibility gave one an uncanny feeling of being lost, but when the fog lifted we found ourselves again still steaming in perfect order.

On our arrival we were met and inspected by the senior military officers who watched us disembark, march to the railway station and entrain. These officers were much impressed with our fine physique and bearing. We had half expected (and hoped) to march straight into battle but found instead a standing peace-time camp and a "burra khana" awaiting us.

Since then we have been working hard and getting accustomed to desert conditions of all kinds. We always thought the desert was very flat but we find that it is nothing of the kind and that it resembles in many respects some portions of Baluchistan and the North-West Frontier Province.

In camp we have an excellent canteen which provides both wet and dry refreshment. Our rations are good and we like the climate, which is not nearly so trying as some parts of India in the hot weather, and we are all "fighting fit."

There has been very little sickness with the exception of such things as cannot be avoided, such as chills and colds.

We have had games of football, hockey and basketball with neighbouring units. On certain Sundays we have been able to visit neighbouring big cities by bus where we saw wonderful new bridges, buildings, squares and shops.

The local inhabitants take a great interest in our appearance and are most friendly and agreeable people. We feel that we are amongst good friends as well as allies.

We are now starting to produce amusements parties in units and are hoping shortly to produce some dramas for our entertainment in the evening hours.

CENTRAL BOARD OF INFORMATION?

To Co-ordinate Provision & Publication Of News & Information

A new Delhi Communique states:—

The Government of India propose to costitute a Central Board of Information of which the members will be the Principal Information Officer, the Controller of Broadcasting, the Chief Press Censor and a Military member, the whole to be presided over by a Director General of Information.

The object of this Board will be to co-ordinate the provision and publication of news and information in every aspect through all existing channels.

It is emphasised that the creation of this Board is not intended to disturb the existing relations between the press and the public on the one hand and the Bureau of the Public information All India Radio and the Chief Press Censor on the other. It is not intended to interfere with the existing sources or means of distribution of news and information official or non-official.

BOARD'S POLICY

The policy of the Board will be to endeavour to assist the press and the radio to obtain a greater flow of official news and background information, objectively and promptly then is at present possible.

ITS CONSTITUTION

The constitution of this Board involves the creation of only one new superior post, that of a Director General of Information, and of a small additional clerical staff. The work of Secretary to the Board will for the present be done by an office of the Home Department in addition to his ordinary duties. Should he Board decide that in order to carry out its duties any expansion of the Information Bureau or of All India Radio is secessary, its proposals will be examined in the usual way and require the usual financial sanction. Members of the Board will receive no additional remuneration for their work on it.

MUSCULAR RHEUMATISM BANISHED

Mr. Susil Chandra Sen of the Bengal Police, Faridpur, wrote:—

"I was suffering from a severe attack of Muscular Rheumatism at my left knee for some time. I tried other remedies without any effect, but your balm banished the disease in a very short time like a charm. I have also found its high efficiency in the cure of muscular pains. I have adopted it as a family medicine."

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Ambedkar "Jayanti"

A meeting of the Captains and Volunteers of the Samata Sainik Dal was held on Sunday at Naigaum under the presidentship of Mr. Ganpat Mahadev Jadhav alias Madakebuva when the following resolutions were passed unanimously.

"That all efforts should be made to enlist more Volunteers; that the Volunteers should sink all their personal differences and observe perfect order; that the Municipal Commissioner be requested to grant leave to all the Municipal Schools on the "Jayanti" of Dr. Ambedkar on April 14."

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

Regd. No. B 1065

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1939

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HINDUS WIN PENTANGULAR CHAMPIONSHIP

Brilliant Third Wicket Partnership Decides Issue Against Muslims

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Hindus won the final of the Bombay Pentangular Cricket Tournament on Monday afternoon defeating the Muslims, holders and champions for the last 2 years, by 5 wickets and one run. Vijay Merchant (88 not out) and Vinoo Mankad (73) enabled the Hindus to knock off the 221 runs required for victory, for the loss of only 5 wickets, the match ending just at tea time.

MONDAY BEING A WORKING DAY NOT MORE THAN 12,000 PERSONS WERE PRESENT AT THE BRABOURNE STADIUM TO SEE THE START OF THE THIRD DAY'S PLAY OF THE MATCH BETWEEN THE HINDUS AND MUSLIMS IN THE FINAL OF THE BOMBAY PENTANGULAR CRICKET TOURNAMENT. BUT AS IT WAS CONFIDENTLY EXPECTED TO BE THE LAST AND DECISIVE DAY OF THE MATCH AND THE TOURNAMENT, THE TURNSTILES WERE STEADILY CLICKING.

Dilawar Hussein (29) who had to retire "hors de combat" yesterday afternoon was warmly applauded when he stepped out at 10-47 a.m., with Amir Elahi (2) to resume the Muslims' second venture to the bowling of C. S. Naidu from the Pavilion end, and Banerji from the Churchgate end.

C. S. Naidu resuming his unfinished over of last evening, to Dilawar Hussein conceded a single off his first delivery, and the latter crossing over got another single; off the first ball of Banerji's opening over, and then Amir Elahi getting a lucky pull to the square-leg boundary off the second ball of the same over signalled 150 after the innings had lasted 184 minutes.

A spate of well-placed singles by both batsmen followed, but at 159, Amir Elahi with his score at the inauspicious 13 got a 'life', Amarnath dropping a 'skier' at long-on off C. S. Naidu. However, Dilawar facing Banerji, cut the first and fifth deliveries of the Jamnagar speed-merchant's next over through the slopes both to the ropes to hoist 160 after 190 minutes and incidentally to reach him own 40 after having been at the crease for 70 minutes, amidst deafening applause from the crowd which had now swollen to over 25,000.

At 169, Amar Singh relieved Banerji from the Churchgate end, after the latter had bowled 3 overs for 22 runs, and off-driving the Kathiawari's fifth delivery for 3.

Amir Elahi saw 170 on board after 200 minutes. But with the addition of only 4 runs to this total, Amir Elahi in attempting a big hit off C. S. Naidu skied the ball for the bowler himself to 'pounce' upon the 'dolly' catch. (174-9-19.)

Muslims All Out For 180 In Second Knock

Mazhar Mahmud joined Dilawar Hussein for the last wicket, and got a lucky cut through the slips off the last ball of the same over for 4. Soon after Dilawar with a single off Amar Singh signalled 180 after 210 minutes but in attempting a pull to square-leg off the first delivery of C. S. Naidu's very next over, mistimed and Rangnekar made no mistakes with the easy catch (180-10-45).

Dilawar had batted stolidly for 91 minutes and his 45 (which was incidentally the same as his first innings score in the same match) included 5 fours. In partnership with Amir Elahi, the Muslim wicket-keeper had put on 33 runs for the 9th wicket. The Muslims' second venture terminated at 11-20 a.m., for 180 runs, leaving the Hindus 221 runs to make to win the match, with almost two whole days in which to make them.

HINDUS' SECOND KNOCK

Requiring 221 runs to win and with almost 2 whole days to get them in, C. K. Naidu sent in Hindlekar and Vinoo Mankad to open the Hindus' second venture at 11-35 a.m., to the bowling of Nissar from the Churchgate end, and Jehangir Khan from the Pavilion end. Nissar opening the attack to Hindlekar saw the Hindu wicket-keeper square-cut his third delivery neatly to the ropes and the fifth through the slips for 2. Jehangir taking on from the other end, conceded a single to Vinoo off his third delivery and Hindlekar crossing over leg-glanced the fifth ball of the same over for 3 to signal 10 after 7 minutes. The batsmen continued to score at a brisk rate and Vinoo facing Nissar hooked the last ball of the latter's second over in fine style to the ropes. Shortly after Vinoo taking a most risky run off the same bowler put up 20 after 15 minutes.

Two Early Reverses

But the Muslims immediately claimed their first wicket, when the third delivery of the same over from Nissar saw Hindleker in double minds with a good-length swinger, to mishit the ball and Abbas Khan at short-leg brought off a well-judged catch (20—1—13).

Amarnath joined Vinoo and three runs later, Wazir Ali rung his first bowling change, Saeed Ahmed relieving Jehangir from the Pavilion end, after the Cambridge Blue had bowled 2 overs for 8 runs, and the change met with almost immediate success, Amarnath stepping across the fourth delivery of Saeed's second over to be declared l.b.w.—a very obvious case (29—2—5).

Vijay Merchant joined Vinoo and opening his account with a cover-drive off Saeed for 3, put up 30 after exactly as many minutes.

Mankad Gets A 'Life'

Six runs later, Vinoo Mankad, with his score at 11 was lucky to get a 'life' off Nissar, Amir Elahi bungling an easy catch near the square-leg boundary, the ball rolling on to the rails to signal 40 after 45 minutes' batting.

At this stage Wazir rung his second bowling change, bringing on Nazir Ali in place of Nissar from the Churchgate end, after the Muslim speed-merchant had bowled 5 overs for 13 runs and one wicket, and Vijay greeted the change by hooking Nazir's fifth delivery grandly for 3.

At the other end Vinoo straight drove the second ball of Saeed's next over to the sight-screen to hoist the first half-century after 41 minutes' batting, amidst tremendous cheering from the 30,000 spectators now present.

Both the batsmen conceded a maiden each to Saeed and Nazir, and Wazir now brought on Mazhar Mahmud in place of Saeed from the Pavilion end after the latter had bowled 5 overs with 2 maidens for 10 runs and one wicket and both batsmen got two singles each off the Punjab University speed-merchant's first over. Mazhar had again opened shakily and his first two overs had yielded 12 runs, including a fine hook for 2 by Vijay Merchant, which saw 60 on board after exactly an hour's batting.

Brisk Rate Of Scoring

Immediately after, however, Merchant got a lucky 3 off Mazhar, lifting the ball luckily towards the square-leg boundary where there was no fielder to take what would have been a 'dolly' catch. Vijay regained his confidence by jumping out and straight-driving Nazir Ali to the sight screen, and with a single off the same bowler the Test opening bat signalled 70 after 68 minutes.

Two runs later Nissar relieved Nazir Ali, who was proving expensive, from the Churchgate end. The batsmen, however, continued to score freely and Vinoo off-driving Amir Elahi to the ropes put up 80 after 75 minutes batting. The Jamnagar bat now flashed out and got 10 runs from Nissar's next over, including 2 successive hits, a cut through the slips and a square-cut, to the ropes. 90 of the innings was up after 80 minutes, representing brisk rate of scoring or over a run per minute. Merchant cut the last ball of Amir Elahi's third over magnificently to the rails, but immediately after Mankad, whose 'life' was proving very costly, developed cramps and a runner was called for. Jehangir Khan bowling the

(Continued on page 8, column 1.)

HUMANITY IN MIDST OF COMMUNAL FRENZY

SUKKUR, Nov. 26.

How a Hindu family consisting of a mother, son and daughter staying in the Gharibabad quarter was saved by a Muslim woman on the second day of the disturbances in Sukkur was revealed to the special representative of the 'United Press' who went round the town to-day.

It appears some rioters set the house of a Hindu on fire. At that time there was no male member of the family present. The Hindu woman along with her children rushed out of the house at great risk of life. Her shouts attracted the attention of a Muslim woman who resides nearby. The Muslim woman took the Hindu woman and her children to her house and gave them shelter till the Hindu woman's husband claimed her.—United Press.

Task Before Orissa Congressmen

CUTTACK, Nov. 26.

"I feel you have read the appeal of the Congress President. We have to abide by the instructions of the Working Committee regarding the future course of action. For the present we are called upon to devote ourselves to constructive work," says Mr. Biswanath Das, leader of the Orissa Congress Assembly Party, in the course of a circular to the members of the Party.

Mr. Das adds: "We have to explain to the people why the Ministry resigned office and the reason why we passed the resolution. This has to be done peacefully. The Ordinance rule is in full swing. There may be temptation to break this law. Great as the temptations are we should not undertake to break this law now."—United Press.

TEST OF FITNESS FOR CIVIL RESISTANCE

A. I. C. C. Secretary Stresses Need Of Fulfilling Constructive Programme

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 27.

Acharya J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, while sending to the Provincial Congress Committees a copy of the resolution on the present political situation passed by the last session of the Congress Working Committee held at Allahabad states in a circular:—

"You will find that the operative part of the resolution lays stress upon the constructive programme which alone can prepare the country for movement of Civil Resistance. Success in the constructive programme is to measure our preparedness for fight for freedom which has got to be waged in accordance with the traditional policy of the Congress.

STRESS ON KHADI.

"You will find that the Working Committee has again laid stress on the necessity of spinning by Congressmen and the effective substitution of all mill cloth, foreign or Indian, by Khadi.

"The resolution has rightly emphasised great need at the present juncture of internal peace and goodwill between different communities and classes of our people. Hindu-Muslim unity is a symbol of this larger and more comprehensive unity. Experience has taught us that this unity can be best achieved by the constant service of the members of one community to the members of the other communities in neighbourly love. The responsibility of the major communities in this respect is great.

JUSTICE TO HARIJANS.

"Untouchability is a standing blot on our national life. Those who want justice to be done to them must render it in the same measure to those who are suffering from injustice at their hands. This will also prove to the world that ours is a moral struggle."

The circular further states that the resolution also laid stress upon calling a Constituent Assembly not only for the purpose of framing our Constitution by a most democratic device, that is, by the will of the people of India, but as a powerful solvent of the vexed question of communal unity.

"In this connection", says Acharya Kripalani, "I invite the attention of your Committee to the article in the latest issue of the 'Harijan.'"

NEED OF RESTRAINT.

The General Secretary adds: "Our war aims, constructive programme and idea of a Constituent Assembly must be popularised throughout the length and breadth of the country. All this is not Civil Disobedience but necessary preparations for the coming struggle. A soldier is to be ever ready but he can fight only when the word of command is given. Therefore Congressmen and Congresswomen should keep the strictest vigilance over their words and actions lest they should fire the fateful shot before the word is given by the generallissimo. Every hasty action instead of bringing the struggle nearer will only postpone it and those who are eager to join the just fight should show utmost restraint and discipline during this period of waiting.

"You will keep this office informed about the progress of work entrusted to Congressmen and Congress Committees by the resolution. You will let us have an idea of the machinery that you propose to create for this purpose"—United Press.

Charges Against Congress Refuted By Sayani

Muslim Nationalist Who Presided Over Calcutta Congress In 1896

CALCUTTA, Nov. 26

In a statement to the Press Moulvi Razaul Karim, a prominent nationalist Muslim of Bengal, refers to the "illuminating" article of Mahatma Gandhi in a recent issue of the "Harijan" under the caption "Is Congress a Hindu organisation" and observes that in mentioning the names of notable Muslims who presided over the Indian National Congress Mahatmaji has omitted that of a prominent Mussalman, namely, Mr. Rahamatullah Sayani who presided over the 12th session of the National Congress held in Calcutta in 1896.

Mr. Sayani, adds Moulvi Razaul Karim, dealt with the Hindu-Muslim problems in detail in his presidential address, refuting all the charges that were brought against the Congress. He collected all possible charges under 17 heads that were brought against the National Congress and refuted them one by one.—United Press.

Compulsory Hindustani In Madras Schools

MADRAS, Nov. 27.

It is understood no drastic change is contemplated by the Government in the policy pursued by the Congress Ministry in the matter of compulsory study of Hindusthani in the first three forms of Secondary Schools.

An extension of the scheme to a hundred more schools next year as planned by the Ministry is, however, not likely.—A. P.

Reforms Office To Be Disbanded?

NEW DELHI, Nov. 27.

The "United Press" learns that the Reforms Office of the Central Government would be disbanded from March 1, 1940.

It is understood that Sir Hawthorne Lewis, the present Reforms Commissioner, would be available in another capacity as Constitutional Adviser to the Governor-General.—United Press.

BIHAR ADVOCATE-GENERAL

Congress Will Call For His Resignation

PATNA, Nov. 27.

It is reliably understood that the Congress will ask the Advocate-Geneal of Bihar to resign.

Instructions to that effect are likely to be issued soon.—United Press.

Arrest Under Defence Ordinance

CALCUTTA, Nov. 27.

Dev Kumar Das of the Hindustnan Printing Syndicate was arrested yesterday under the Defence of India Ordinance following a search of the Syndicate and seizure of alleged objectionable literature.—United Press.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

A slight uneasiness must be felt in high official quarters in India at the forthcoming visit of Stafford Cripps to India.

And so ends the festival of cricket—glorious, glamorous, gigantic. The roar of the crowd, the almost frightening propensities of a stadium that cast its dark shadow over the green plush of nature, speckled with tiny white dots that were the men, the giants of cricket. Poor, poor humanity!

The height of profanity—Two malees washing the Venus de Milo in a garden on Malabar Hill.

Over the Air Mr. Talyarkhan said yesterday morning that if he was to come again next year, it would have to be on a revised financial arrangement. I endorse that sentiment because I feel that if the A.I.R. want talent over the air they must pay for it. The days are over when they could expect young men to speak over the air for a token payment on the ground that the grants were insufficient.

It pleases one's heart to see mother and daughter India step out of their shells if only to be seen at the Pentangular cricket.

One cannot but help observing that here we are shouting and cheering a good shot or lamenting the fall of a wicket, when there are men dying like flies in Europe and vessels of hundreds of tons sinking into the water almost every day now. Let us regain some sense of balance.

U. P. PROVINCIAL CONFERENCE

Pt. Jawaharlal Taken In Procession

MUTTRA, November 27.

With the arrival of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President-Elect of the 32nd session of the United Provinces Provincial Political Conference, Raja Mahendra Pratap Nagar, the venue of the conference is humming with multifarious activities. Besides the members of Council of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee including Mr. Shri Prakash, Acharya, J. B. Kripalani, Dr. Ashraf and Dr. Murarilal, many provincial leaders arrived and many other delegates and visitors are arriving to-morrow, when the open session of the conference begins.

Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai and Hon'ble Babu Purshottamdas Tandon are expected in the evening.

A huge procession was taken in the afternoon with the President-Elect from the Victoria Park which passed through the main thoroughfares of the city and terminated at Mahendrapratap Nagar, about two miles from the city.

KISAN RALLY

Earlier, a kisan meeting was held at the Conference pandal under the presidency of Dr. Rammonohar Lohia. Dr. Lohia and Mr. Mohanlal Gautam explained in the course of their speech the circumstances which led to the resignation of the Congress Ministries, and exhorted the Kisans to rally under the Congress Flag and be prepared for the coming struggle.

The Council of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee met and discussed the situation in the country. Later the Subjects Committee considered the draft resolutions which would be on the lines of the recent Working Committee resolutions.—United Press.

SAMBHAR, Lake Nov. 26.

It is understood that the Government of Jodhpur have removed the ban on the entry into the State of the "Hindu," the "Alaman" and the "Arjun" of Delhi.—United Press

Edgar Wallace Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE

THE JUG OF DEATH

OKAY, CANELLI, WHAT'S YOUR PROPOSITION? SPILL IT/
FIRST, ARE YOU SURE NO ONE ELSE WILL HEAR IT?
FOR EXAMPLE----
WADE AN' HIS LITTLE STOOGE, DONAVAN/
WHAT DIDN'T YOU WANT US TO HEAR, CANELLI?
LISSEN, WISE GUY-YOU WANT ANOTHER POKE ON TH' JAW?
THAT REMINDS ME-I STILL HAVE TO GIVE YOU BACK THE FIRST ONE. HERE/
SO LONG, CANELLI, WE'LL BE SEEIN' YOU-AND I DO MEAN YOU/

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